



# GSK/GKL Controller Instruction Manual

GIKEN INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

# Befor beginning operation:



#### ∎Note

- ① Please read this instruction manual carefully in order to ensure that you use this product correctly.
- ② A part or no part of this instruction manual may be used or reproduced without the permission of GIKEN Industrial Co., LTD.
- ③ Regarding the handling process and opration that are not listed in this instruction manual, please think that they cannot be oprated, and do not attempt to oprate them. Any defect that would occur when the handling process or the operation that is not listed in this instruction manual is executed should be excluded in the scope of the warranty.
- ④ Matters listed in this instruction manual are subject to change for the improvement without notice.
- (5) For the product with special specifications, please consult us because it may not be pertinent to the use of this instruction manual
- (6) The personal computer for setup operation is an option. Please contact us if it is required.



#### Measures in case of an emergency

If this product is in a dangerous condition, immediately turn OFF all power switches of the main unit or the connected equipment, or pull out all power cords from the plug outlets.

(<sup>[Dangerous condition]</sup> means the condition when the fire break out or the danger to personal injury can be expected due to the excessive heat generation, smoking or ignition)



■Notes of the first time the power is turned on

- 1. Please check the connection of cables before you turn on the power.
- 2. Please install the termination resister(110  $\Omega$ ) to connection terminal of each axis for Arc net. But you don't need it when you use only one axis
- Please set axis No. at one axis side on [d00177] and two axis side on [d10177] from the panel section to make GSK/GKL controller driver recognize axis Number. (You cannot communication from the PC when axis No. isn't set.)

\*You must set axis No. when you change controller driver.

- 4. For wiring reconfirmation after turning on the power, "d00210" "d10210" "d01003" "d11003" is confirmed. (Electrical check)
- In order to confirm the zero point of the torque sensor, please check the measurement value of the zero-point of each axis in the "d00210" "d10210". It's possible to use setting software again to adjust zero by software.
- 6. Please set input, etc after the above content has been completed.

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#### 1 System out line

#### 1-1 GSK System out line

- "GSK" is the torque control type nut runner system what has the function necessary to tightening of the screw and locating.
- This system has the name specified as GSK and it can be divided into the controller section, IF unit section(Interface) and AC nut runer section.

• Torque is controlled by a torque sensor.

#### 1-2 GSK Controller section

•Tightening accuracy :3σ±2%

- •GSK series improved a conventional GSS series, that was realized downsized, model integration and processing speed Improvement by the capacity rise of CPU and a memory
- Tightening program sets the rotation number and torque control, facilitating the wide variety of tightening patterns.
- High-speed and highly accurate tightening control is provided by combining the position control and the torque control.
- Self diagnosis function displays the program number/operating condition/alarm information on the front LED display.
- Three setup methods are provided to setup the tightening program: the input method from the setup personal computer, exclusive display and that from the controller front panel.
- It is easy even for beginners to set up and input because the automatic setup and input function has been installed.

#### 1-3 GSK IF unit section

- IF unit is the communication device to communicate with the external unit such as the sequencer/display/setup personal computer/printer or other equipment.
- •GSK system allows you to check the information related to the tightening control such the setting data/tightening results by connecting a personal computer to the IF unit.
- It is possible to check the information by connecting to a printer without inputting the data such as the setting/tightening results into a personal computer.
- Communication setting is applicable to both specifications of PIO and SIO.
- One IF unit is always required by set of controller.(2 units for 31 axes or more).

#### 1-4 GSK AC nut runner section

·ANZM type nut runner can be continued to used like a conventional GSS series.

MAX. MAX. Power rotational tightening Weight Nutrunner Transducer supply current torque speed Moter model model model (N.m) (Arms) (Kg) (rpm) ANZM-50 4.5 1750 0.6 TS4603N1920E203 1.0 AZM-100 20 310 0.6 ANZM-250 TS4603N1920E203 1.6 AZM-350 ANZM-350 30 430 1.2 TS4617N1920E203 1.9 AZM-350 **ANZM-500** 45 310 1.2 TS4617N1920E203 1.9 AZM-500 ANZM-850 80 420 2.3 TS4609N1920E203 3.9 AZM-850 TS4618N1922E203 ANZM-1600 140 420 4.5 5.0 AZM-1500 (TS4618N1920E203) TS4618N1922E203 ANZM-1800S 160 420 4.5 5.0 AZM-2000 (TS4618N1920E203) TS4618N1922E203 290 ANZM-2000 180 4.5 6.8 AZM-2500 (TS4618N1920E203) ANZM-3000 280 235 8.5 TS4619N1920E203 9.0 AZM-4000 TS4618N1922E203 ANZM-3500 330 200 4.5 10.0 AZM-4000 (TS4618N1920E203) TS4619N1926E207 ANZM-5000 470 250 8.5 10.5 AZM-7500 (TS4619N1922E207) TS4619N1926E207 650 8.5 10.5 ANZM-7000 175 AZM-7500 (TS4619N1922E207) TS4619N1926E207 ANZM-9000 650 175 8.5 14.5 AZM-12000 (TS4619N1922E207) TS4619N1926E207 ANZM-9000S 850 130 8.5 13.9 AZM-12000S (TS4619N1922E207)

<Specification of nut runner >

MAX tightening torque is an output value when the rotational speed is 20rpm.

When making the speed short exceedingly, torque output in a table becomes difficult.

(The sizes of the nut runner are indicated on catalogs, but please inquire about details).

#### 1-5 GKL System out line

- "GKL" is the torque control type nut runner system what has the function necessary to tightening of the screw and locating.
- This system has the name specified as GKL and it can be divided into the controller section, IF unit section(Interface) and AC nut runer section.
- Torque is controlled by a current sensor.

#### 1-6 GKL Controller section

• Tightening accuracy : Target torque ±15%

- GKL series improved a conventional GSL series, that was realized downsized, model integration and processing speed Improvement by the capacity rise of CPU and a memory
- Tightening program sets the rotation number and torque control, facilitating the wide variety of tightening patterns.
- High-speed and highly accurate tightening control is provided by combining the position control and the torque control.
- Self diagnosis function displays the program number/operating condition/alarm information on the front LED display.
- Three setup methods are provided to setup the tightening program: the input method from the setup personal computer, exclusive display and that from the controller front panel.
- It is easy even for beginners to set up and input because the automatic setup and input function has been installed.

#### 1-7 GKL IF unit section

- IF unit is the communication device to communicate with the external unit such as the sequencer/display/setup personal computer/printer or other equipment.
- GKL system allows you to check the information related to the tightening control such the setting data/tightening results by connecting a personal computer to the IF unit.
- It is possible to check the information by connecting to a printer without inputting the data such as the setting/tightening results into a personal computer.
- · Communication setting is applicable to both specifications of PIO and SIO.
- One IF unit is always required by set of controller.(2 units for 31 axes or more).

#### 1-8 GKL AC nut runner section

•ANM type nut runner can be continued to used like a conventional GSL series.

<Specification of nut runner >

	Nut runner	MAX. tightening torque	MAX. rotational speed	Power supply current	Moter model	Weight
	model	(N.m)	(rpm)	(Arms)		(Kg)
	ANM-220	18	310	0.6	TS4603N1920E203	1.3
	ANM-320	28	430	1.2	TS4617N1920E203	1.6
	ANM-400	35	310	1.2	TS4617N1920E203	1.6
	ANM-640	55	420	2.3	TS4609N1920E203	3.4
ANM-12	ANM-1200	110	420	4.5	TS4618N1922E203 (TS4618N1920E203)	4.2
	ANM-1400	110	420	4.5	TS4618N1922E203 (TS4618N1920E203)	4.2
	ANM-1800	170	285	4.5	TS4618N1922E203 (TS4618N1920E203)	5.2
	ANM-2000	170	285	4.5	TS4618N1922E203 (TS4618N1920E203)	5.2
	ANM-3000	265	235	8.5	TS4619N1920E203	8.5
	ANM-3100	270	200	4.5	TS4618N1922E203 (TS4618N1920E203)	9.5
	ANM-5000	450	250	8.5	TS4619N1926E207 (TS4619N1922E207)	10.0

MAX tightening torque is an output value when the rotational speed is 20rpm.

When making the speed short exceedingly, torque output in a table becomes difficult.

(The sizes of the nut runner are indicated on catalogs, but please inquire about details).

# 2 Specifications

# <u>2-1 Specifications of controller</u>

		1	
		Standard type(M-NET) CC-link	
	IF unit	DeviceNet	
	in drift	EthhhherNetl/P	
		PROFINET I/O	
		PROFINET IRT	
Composition		Single T type (GSK/GKL)3 kinds	
Composition	Controller unit	2 axis standard type (GSKW//GKLW) 2kinds	
		2 axis T type (GSKW/GKLW) 2kinds	
		Tightening Result	
		(Torque and time and angle and judge)	
	Display	Axial array	
		Setting data	
		Displays do not affect operation even if not used	
	Setting PC	USB communication	
	I/F ⇔ Controller	Arc-Net	
	Controller ⇔ Controller		
	DATA control (PC)	RS422, SD card	
		Lightening data: about 5000 cases	
Data	DATA saving		
		SD card	
	Drinter connection	It connects a PC. (setting software is required	
	Printer connection	for output)	
	Max axis number for connection	30 axis control (software-based 60 axis)	
	DATA display	6-digit 7SEG.LED	
Controller Display	Extraordinary display	AL code indicate + NG code indicate	
	Setting input method	Personal computer and the controller front panel, disply panel	
Setting	Memory backup	E2PROM, FRAM	
	Setting value backup	PC⇒FD,HD	
	IF unit	44×226×91	
	Controller unit GSK-14/GSKW-14 GSK-T4/GSKW-T4 GKL-14/GKLW-14 GKL-T4/GKLW-T4	44×226×91	
Outside	Controller unit GSK-15/GKL-15	86.5×226×171.6	
dimensions	Controller unit GSK-17/GKL-17	116.5×226×171.6	
	Controller unit GSKW-15/GKLW-15	160.5×226×171.6	
	Controller unit GSK-T5/GKK-T7 GKL-T5/GKL-T7	65.5×226×211.6	

	Controller unit GSKW-T5/GKLW-T5	109.5×226×211.6
	Display GSK-D2 GKL-D2	182.5×138.8×45.8 Please install by considering the projection of the connector
	Axis number	•30 axis × 16 program × 220 step
	Program number	•30 axis × 50 program × 70 step
Tightening setting	Step number	•8 axis x 50 program x 220 step Maximum values are different depending on the combination
	Setting items	SET, G:REV.T SET S:SCC.T SET, K:PRE.T number setting Each 50kinds
Tightening	Torque method, time and angle monitor	"Zone Monitoring" function exists
method	Angle method, time monitor	"Gradient judgment" function exists
	Sequencing tightening (Blocktightening)	MAX. 17blocks (70 steps) MAX. 55blocks (220 steps)
	Retry	Whether or not set for each program
Tightening	Baking determination	Reverse torque, judgement of area size
control	Reverse rotation for fixed quantity	Time and angle
	Speed switching	4 stage, angle management and continuously variable transmission (smoothing) function
	Torque waveform	Disply,all axis indication or personal computer
Acourcov	Angle stop accuracy	within +0.5° (downward 30rpm)
Accuracy	Angle display minimum unit	0.1°
	Tightening accuracy	downward 3o±2%
Connection	Connection cable	Standard type and T-tyap: connectingmethod
Control power	Rated current	GSK-IF-N1/GKL-IF-N1:0.2A GSK-14(T4)/GKL-14(T4):0.2A GSKW-14(T4)/GKLW-14(T4):0.2A GSK-15(T5)/GKL-15(T5):0.3A GSKW-15(T5)/GKLW-15(T5):0.4A GSK-17(T7)/GKL-17(T7):0.3A
Control power	Inrush current at startup	GSK-IF-N1/GKL-IF-N1:5.0A GSK-14(T4)/GKL-14(T4):5.0A GSKW-14(T4)/GKLW-14(T4):5.0A GSK-15(T5)/GKL-15(T5):5.0A GSKW-15(T5)/GKLW-15(T5):5.0A GSK-17(T7)/GKL-17(T7):5.0A
	Zero-point adjustment	Automatic correction (Tolerance range setting is provided.)
	Axis cutting function	Can be connected from a personal computer or the controller front panel.
Others	Communication with other unit	Arc-Net
	Setting input	USB Communication
	Communication with PLC	SIO (M-NET, CC-Link, and etc) or PIO
	Display connection	Connected to IF unit

#### 2-2 Basic specification

2-2-1 GSK Basic specification						
I/F model	GSK-IF-N1: M-NET (Standard) GSK-IFCC-N1: CC-Link GSK-IFDN-N1: Devie-NET GSK-IFET-N1: EtherNetI/P GSK-IFPNIO-N1: PROFINET I/O					
	GSK-IFPNIRT GSK-IFSG-N1 GSK-IFSG2-N	-N1:PROFINET I :Parallel I/O(Inpu 1:Parallel I/O(Inpu	RT ut/output: 24 point put/output: 48 poir	s each) hts each)		
Standard specification model (GSK)		GSK-14-E-N2		GSK-1	5-E-N2	GSK-17-E-N2
Standard specification model (GSKW)		GSKW-14-E-N2	2	GSKW-	15-E-N2	
T specification model (GSK)		GSK-T4-E-N2		GSK-T	5-E-N2	GSK-T7-E-N2
T specification model (GSKW)		GSKW-T4-E-N2	2	GSKW-	T5-E-N2	
Control power input			DC24 V±10%	(21.6~26.4V)		
Drive power input		3-pha	ase AC220V±20%	5(176~264V) 50	)/60 Hz	
Withstand voltage			AC 1500 V	for 1 minute		
Insulation resistance			DC 500 V	10M Ωmore		
Controller Calorific value			Controller 1	unit : 15W		
Momentary power failure		No effect in the	range less than 5	0 msec (excluding	g the driving time)	)
Nut runner model	ANZM-50 ANZM-250	ANZM-350 ANZM-500	ANZM-850	ANZM-1600 ANZM-1800S ANZM-2000 ANZM-3500	ANZM-3000	ANZM-5000 ANZM-7000 ANZM-9000 ANZM-9000S
Applicable motor	TS4603N1920 E203	TS4617N1920 E203	TS4609N1920 E230	TS4618N1922 E203	TS4619N1920 E203	TS4619N1926 E203
Motor output W	75	150	300	600	1125	1125
Rotor inertia kgm2	0.04x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.083x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.38x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.79x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.62x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.62x10 <sup>-4</sup>
Driving power supply rated electrical capacity Arms	0.6	1.2	2.3	4.5	8.5	8.5
Rating output current A rms	1.0	1.9	3.6	6.8	7.1	11.0
Instantane ous maximum current Arms	5.4	10.7	19.6	38.6	40.2	62.9

Rating torque N.m	0.159	0.318	0.64	1.27	2.39	2.39
Instantane ous max. torque N.m	0.95	1.91	3.82	7.64	14.32	14.32
Maximum rotation number without loads rpm		12	2500		7500	12500
Motor drive system		Transistor PWM sine wave drive				
Angle sensor	Incremental encoder (With the zero magnification signal, line driver output, 256C/T)					
Operating temperatur e and humidity	0 to 50°C, Less than 90%RH (No condensation)					

# **XAbout combination of controllers and NRs other than ANZM series**

The combination of each NR and controller is shown below.

#### ANZM series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
ANZM-12000	8.5	GSK-17(T7)-E-N2
ANZM-15000		
ANZM-20000	27.0	GSK-17(T7)-E1-N2
ANZM-28000		

#### ANZMC series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
ANZMC-50	0.6	
ANZMC-250	0.8	$GSK(14(T4)) \in N2$
ANZMC-350	1.0	GSK-14(14)-E-112
ANZMC-500	1.2	GSKW-14(14)-E-INZ
ANZMC-850	2.3	
ANZMC-1600		
ANZMC-1800S	4.5	GSK 15(T5) E N2
ANZMC-2000		OSK-13(13)-E-112
ANZMC-3000	8.5	GSKW-15(15)-E-N2
ANZMC-3500	4.5	
ANZMC-5000		
ANZMC-7000		
ANZMC9000	8.5	GSK-17(T7)-E-N2
ANZMC-9000S		
ANZMC-12000		
ANZMC-15000		
ANZMC-20000	27.0	GSK-17(T7)-E1-N2
ANZMC-28000		

#### ANZMH series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
ANZMH-200	1.2	GSK-14(T4)-E-N2
ANZMH-450	2.3	GSKW-14(T4)-E-N2
	4.5	GSK-15(T5)-E-N2
ANZIVIH-900	4.5	GSKW-15(T5)-E-N2
ANZMH-1500		
ANZMH-1550	8.5	
ANZMH-1850S		GSK-17(T7)-E-N2
ANZMH-2000		
ANZMH-2001		
ANZMH-9000	37.5	GSK-17(T7)-E1-N2

#### ANZMCH series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
ANZMCH-200	1.2	GSK-14(T4)-E-N2
ANZMCH-450	2.3	GSKW-14(T4)-E-N2
ANZMCH-900	4.5	GSK-15(T5)-E-N2 GSKW-15(T5)-E-N2
ANZMCH-1500		
ANZMCH-1550		
ANZMCH-1850S	9.5	
ANZMCH-2000	0.5	GSK-17(17)-E-INZ
ANZMCH-2001		
ANZMCH-2500		

#### ·ANZMSH series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
ANZMSH-120E2	1.2	GSK-14(T4)-E2-N2 GSKW-14(T4)-E2-N2
ANZMSH-130	2.3	GSK-14(T4)-E-N2 GSKW-14(T4)-E-N2
ANZMSH-150E2	1.2	GSK-14(T4)-E2-N2 GSKW-14(T4)-E2-N2
ANZMSH-500	0.0	GSK-14(T4)-E-N2
ANZMSH-700	2.3	GSKW-14(T4)-E-N2
ANZMSH-2000 ANZMSH-2001	8.5	GSK-17(T7)-E-N2

#### ANZMKH series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller	
ANZKHM-400	4.5	GSK-15(T5)-E-N2	
ANZKHM-700	4.5	GSKW-15(T5)-E-N2	

#### ANCKHM series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
ANCKHM-200	3.0	GSK-14(T4)-E1-N2
ANCKHM-300	4.5	GSKW-14(T4)-E1-N2
	7.0	GSK-15(T5)-E1-N2
	1.2	GSKW-15(T5)-E1-N2

#### ANZMCTH series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller	
ANZMCTH-100E1	1.2	CSK 14(T4) E1 N2	
ANZMCTH-150E1	0.0	GSKW-14(T4)-E1-N2	
ANZMCTH-230E1	2.5		
ANZMCTH-450E1		CSK 15(T5) E1 N2	
ANZMCTH-700E1	4.5	OOKW 4E(TE) E4 N2	
ANZMCTH-900E1		GSKVV-15(15)-E1-IN2	

#### ANZMCXH series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller	
ANZMCXH-100E1	1.2	CSK 14(T4) E1 N2	
ANZMCXH-150E1	0.0		
ANZMCXH-230E1	2.5	GSKW-14(14)-E1-N2	
ANZMCXH-450E1		CSK 15(T5) E1 N2	
ANZMCXH-700E1	4.5	OOKW 4E(TE) E1 N2	
ANZMCXH-900E1		GSKW-15(15)-E1-IN2	

#### ANZR series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
ANZR-5000		
ANZR-7000		
ANZR-9000	8.5	GSK-17(T7)-R-N2
ANZR-9000S		
ANZR-12000		

#### ANZRC series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
ANZRC-5000		
ANZRC-7000		
ANZRC-9000	8.5	GSK-17(T7)-R-N2
ANZRC-9000S		
ANZRC-12000		

#### ANZMRCH series

Nut runner model	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
ANZMRCH-2000		
ANZMRCH-2001	8.5	GSK-17(T7)-R-N2
ANZMECH-2500		

#### ·LUR series

Nut runner model	Nut runner model Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	
LUR-1000	5.7	GSK-15(T5)-E-L2

# Positioning motor (With battery type)

Motor type	Motor output (W)	brake	keyway	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
TS4603N2058E200		~	×		
TS4603N2099E200	100	^	0	0.0	
TS4603N7060E200	100	$\circ$	×	0.0	
TS4603N7066E200		0	0		
TS4604N2021E200		150 × × · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	×	1.2	
TS4604N2023E200	150		0		
TS4604N7021E200	150		1.2	GSK-T4-E-P2	
TS4604N7023E200		0	0		GSKW-T4-E-P2
TS4607N2088E200	200	×	×	1.5	
TS4607N2120E200	200	0	0		
TS4609N2085E200		x <u>×</u> 0 3.0			
TS4609N2120E200	400			30	
TS4609N7049E200	400	0	×	3.0	
TS4609N7084E200		U	0		

## •Positioning motor(Battery-less type)

Motor type	Motor output (W)	brake	keyway	Driving power supply rated electrical capacity (Arms)	Adaptive Controller
TSM4104N2820E205	100	×		0.0	
TSM4104N7820E205	100	0		0.0	
TS4604N2820E200	150	×		1.0	
TS4604N7820E200	150	0	$\circ$	1.2	GSK-T4-E-P3
TSM4254N2802E200	400	×	0	3.0	GSKW-T4-E-P3
TSM4204N7820E205	400	0		5.0	
TSM4354N2802E200	750	×	5.7	5.7	
TSM4354N7802E200	750	0		5.7	

# 2-2-1 GKL Basic specification

I/F model	GKL-IF-N1: M-NET (Standard) GKL-IFCC-N1: CC-Link GKL-IFDN-N1: Devie-NET GKL-IFET-N1: EtherNetI/P GKL-IFPNIO-N1: PROFINET I/O GKL-IFPNIRT-N1: PROFINET IRT GKL-IFSG-N1: Parallel I/O (Input/output: 24 points each) GKL-IFSG2-N1: Parallel I/O (Input/output: 48 points each)					
Standard specification model (GKL)	GKL-14-E-N2 GKL-15-E-N2 GK				GKL-17-E-N2	
Standard specification model (GKLW)	GKLW-14-E-N2			GKLW-15-E-N2		
T specification model (GKL)		GKL-T4-E-N2		GKL-T	5-E-N2	GKL-T7-E-N2
T specification model (GKLW)		GKLW-T4-E-N2	:	GKLW-	T5-E-N2	
Control power input			DC24 V±10%	(21.6~26.4V)		
Drive power input	3-phase AC220V±20%(176~264V) 50/60 Hz					
Withstand voltage	AC 1500 V for 1 minute					
Insulation resistance	DC 500 V 10M Ωmore					
Controller Calorific value	Controller 1 unit : 15W					
Momentary power failure	No effect in the range less than 50 msec (excluding the driving time)					
Nut runner model	ANM-220	ANM-320 ANM-400	ANM-640	ANM-1200 ANM-1400 ANM-1800 ANM-2000 ANM-3100	ANM-3000	ANM-5000
Applicable	TS4603N1920 E203	TS4617N1920 E203	TS4609N1920 E230	TS4618N1922 F203	TS4619N1920 F203	TS4619N1926 F203
Motor output W	75	150	300	600	1125	1125
Rotor inertia kam2	0.04x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.083x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.38x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.79x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.62x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.62x10 <sup>-4</sup>
Driving power supply rated electrical capacity Arms	0.6	1.2	2.3	4.5	8.5	8.5
Rating output current A rms	1.0	1.9	3.6	6.8	7.1	11.0
Instantane ous maximum current Arms	5.4	10.7	19.6	38.6	40.2	62.9

Rating torque N.m	0.159	0.318	0.64	1.27	2.39	2.39	
Instantane ous max.	0.95	1.91	3.82	7.64	14.32	14.32	
N.m							
Maximum rotation number without loads rpm		12500 7500 12500					
Motor drive system		Transistor PWM sine wave drive					
Angle sensor		Incremental encoder (With the zero magnification signal, line driver output, 256C/T)					
Operating temperatur e and humidity		0 to 50°C, Less than 90%RH (No condensation)					

# 2-3 Functions/Features

Protective function		Over current, over load, over speed, encoder failure, drive power failure, E2PROM failure and CPU failure, etc.		
Display function	7SEGMENT LED	Alarm No., NG information Program No., Block No. Operation monitor Tightening result (Torque, etc.)		
Parameter setting		Set the following parameters by a personal computer and input them to the IF unit. . Program 16 or 50 . Rating 30 . PRE.T . REA.T . REA.T . SOC.T		
Storing the tightening data		Tightening data: About 5,000 per axis Alarm history:16 per axis Tightening waveform:1 per axis It is possible to check the data when needed from PC		
Applicable to the multiaxial		1 to 30 units of controller or 1 to 15 units of double type controller can be connected to 1 Interface unit. Max. 30 axes multiaxial control is possible		
Communication with the PLC (in serial or parallel)		Communication by multi-standard using the Anybus ※ Please refer to 2-2 in regard corresponding standard		
Axis cutting function		Setting for axis cutting is possible by the PC setting or the operation from the front panel. (Used when the controller malfunctioned)		
Zero magnification check function		Diagnosis function for the torque sensor malfunction (Performs per tightening operation)		
Gear check function		Diagnosis function for biting of the gear and motor shaft (Selectable for Yes/No)		
Simulation movement		Simulation movement is available by the personal computer operation (Sampling start for the seating angle by tightening)		
Calendar function		It saves the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute and Second per data.		
Regenerative function (Over voltage detection)		Regeneration circuit that visceral the driving voltage is consumed by the internal resistor when it exceeds a predetermined value.		
Discharge function		Natural discharge by the LED		
Standard inertia (INERTIA)		$J_L \leq 30 J_M$		
Rotating direction		Direction of CCW should be the forward rotation viewed from motor shaft end.		
Analog monitor (P81_reference)		Monitor signal output at the check pin on the front panel: M1 The torque, an electric current and speed can be M2 monitored every each controller in panel operation. G Monitor GND		







#### 2-4-3 Controller dimensions: Standard type····GSK-15/GKL-15



#### 2-4-4 Controller dimensions: Standard type····GSK-17/GKL-17

















### 2-4-10 Controller dimensions: T type----GSKW-T5/GKLW-T5



#### <u>2-4-11 Dimensions(display) : Model ···GSK-D2/GKL-D2</u>



#### 3 Wire connection

#### <u>3-1 Wiring reference diagram</u>

#### <u>3-1-1 GSKW/GKLW Controller system wiring reference diagram</u>



#### <u>3-1-2 GSK/GKL Controller system wiring reference diagram</u>



#### <u>3-2</u> Used connector and mating connector

## 3-2-1 GSK/GKL Used connector and mating connector

Port No.	Use/Matter	Used model	Matching model	Matching model pin	annexed
CN1	For the control power supply connection	734-166 (WAGO)	734-106 (WAGO)	_	0
CN2	Not used	1-1827864-4 (TYCO)	1-1827864-4 (TYCO)	1827570-2 (TYCO)	_
CN3	For communication among controllers at ARCNET	MSTB2,5/6-STF-5,08 (PHOENIX CONTACT)	MSTB2,5/6-STF-5,08 (PHOENIX CONTACT)	Ι	0
CN10	For the driving power supply connection	2-179277-2 (TYCO)	2-178128-4 (TYCO)	1-353717-2 (TYCO)	0
CN11	For power line of nutrunner 1	1-179277-2 (TYCO)	1-178128-4 (TYCO)	1-175218-2 (TYCO)	_
CN12	For power line of nutrunner 2	1-179277-2 (TYCO)	1-178128-4 (TYCO)	1-175218-2 (TYCO)	_
CN21	For sensor line of nutrunner1	10220-52A2PL (3MJapan)	10320-52A0-008 (3MJapan)	10120-3000VE (3MJapan)	_
CN22	For sensor line of nutrunner2	10220-52A2PL (3MJapan)	10320-52A0-008 (3MJapan)	10120-3000VE (3MJapan)	_

GSK/GSKW/GKL/GKLW connector unit (14/T4)

CN12/CN22 exists only for GSKW/GKLW controllers

#### GSK/GSKW/GKL/GKLW connector unit (15/T5,17/T7)

Port No.	Use / Matter Used model		Matching model	Matching model pin	annexed
CN1	For the control power734-166supply connection(WAGO)		734-106 (WAGO)	_	0
CN2	Not used	1-1827876-4 (TYCO)	1-1827864-4 (TYCO)	1827570-2 (TYCO)	—
CN3	For communication among controllers at ARCNET	MSTB2,5/6-STF-5,08 (PHOENIX CONTACT)	MSTB2,5/6-STF-5,08 (PHOENIX CONTACT)	Ι	0
CN10	For the driving power supply connection	1-917541-2 (TYCO)	1-179958-4 (TYCO)	316040-2 (TYCO)	0
CN11	For power line of nutrunner 1	2-917541-2 (TYCO)	2-179958-4 (TYCO)	316040-2 (TYCO)	_
CN12	For power line of nutrunner 2	2-917541-2 (TYCO)	2-179958-4 (TYCO)	316040-2 (TYCO)	_
CN21	For sensor line of nutrunner1	10220-52A2PL (3MJapan)	10320-52A0-008 (3MJapan)	10120-3000VE (3MJapan)	_
CN22	For sensor line of nutrunner2	10220-52A2PL (3MJapan)	10320-52A0-008 (3MJapan)	10120-3000VE (3MJapan)	_

CN12/CN22 exists only for GSKW/GKLW controllers

Interface unit

Port No.	Use/Matter	Used model	Matching model	Matching model pin	Annexed
CN1	PLC connection port	1-1827876-3 (TYCO)	1-1827864-3 (TYCO)	1827570-2 (TYCO)	_
CN2	Control power supply input port	734-144 (WAGO)	734-104 (WAGO)	_	0
CN3	Not used	1-1827876-2 (TYCO)	1-1827864-2 (TYCO)	1827570-2 (TYCO)	—
CN4	Port for setting PC connection	UBB-4R-D14T-4D (JST)	USB Type B	_	—
CN5	For communication among controllers at ARCNET	MSTB2.5/4-GF-5.08 (PHOENIX CONTACT)	MSTB2.5/4-STF-5.08 (PHOENIX CONTACT)	_	0
CN6	Port for CAN communication	1-1827876-3 (TYCO)	1-1827864-3 (TYCO)	1827570-2 (TYCO)	—
CN7	Display connection port	1-1827876-4 (TYCO)	1-1827864-4 (TYCO)	1827570-2 (TYCO)	_
CN8	Port for ID controller connection	1-1827876-4 (TYCO)	1-1827864-4 (TYCO)	1827570-2 (TYCO)	_
CN10	Printer connecting port	1-1827876-2 (TYCO)	1-1827864-2 (TYCO)	1827570-2 (TYCO)	_

# 3-2-2 Interface communication port details

#### GSK/GKL interface unit

Number	Name	Explanation	
CN1	PLC (M-NET)	Connected by corresponding standard in the 2-2 table that is used.	
CN2	Power / READY notification(SW)	4-core connector Left 2 core power supply (24V) Right two-wire start notification for relay	
CN3	Unused	Unused	
CN4	A setting personal computer (USB)	Use to rewrite or read the data using the setting software.	
CN5	Driver (ARCNET)	If you want to connect a plurality of GSK/GKL driver, it connects the driver to each other in the ARCNET.	
CN6	CAN communication connector	Unused	
CN7	External display (RS422)	It will be used to connect to an external display.	
CN8	ID controller or quality control PC (RS422)	ID controller and a printer are seleced either by the setting of a personal computer. It can not be connected at the same time. The connection partner of quality control personal computer	
CN9		depends on the setting.	
CN10	Printer or personal computer for quality control (CN9: RS422) Printer or personal computer for quality control (CN10: RS232C)	ID controller when using ⇒ ⑨ ⑪ · Printer when using ⇒ ⑧ [Caution] Please do not connect the equipment at the same time in two connectors of CN9 and CN10. [In the case of the previous firmware than Rev1721-160] · CN8 = quality control PC · CN9 / 10 = Printer or ID controller	
CN11	Battery backup	Connect the clock backup battery.	
#### <u>3-3-1</u> External connection diagram(Controller~NR):standard and T type



#### <u>3-3-2</u> External connection diagram (I/F unit~Connected equipment): standard and T type



# <u>3-4 Cable model list</u>

# 3-4-1 GSK Cable model list

(Please be sure to read the following notes.)

Cable name	Use nut runner	Cable model	
	ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc.	K8M5DW-4R-□M	
Integrated power cable (Nut runner $\sim$ Controller)	ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc.	K8M30D-4R-□M	
	ANZM-5000~ANZM-9000 etc.	K8M90D-4R-□M	
	ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc.	K8M5TW-4R-□M	
Movable relay power cable (Nut runner ~Relay part)	ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc.	K8M30T-4R-□M	
	ANZM-5000~ANZM-9000 etc.	K8M90T-4R-□M	
	ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc.	K8M5TW-4A-□M	
(Relay part ~ Controller)	ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc.	K8M30T-4A-□M	
	ANZM-5000~ANZM-9000 etc.	K8M90T-4A-□M	
Integrated encoder sensor cable	ANZM-50~ANZM-9000 etc.	8E*S*D-16R-⊡M	
(Nut runner ~ Controller)	ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series	8E*S*DC-16R-□M	
Integrated resolver sensor cable	ANZR series	8R*S*D-16R-□M	
(Nut runner ~ Controller)	ANZRC series	8R*S*DC-16R-⊡M	
Movable relay encoder sensor cable	ANZM-50~ANZM-9000 etc.	8E*S*T-16R-□M	
(Nut runner ~Relay part)	ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series	8E*S*TC-16R-□M	
Movable relay resolver sensor cable	ANZR series etc.	8R*S*T-16R-⊡M	
(Nut runner ~Relay part)	ANZRC series etc.	8R*S*TC-16R-⊡M	
Unmovable relay encoder sensor cable	ANZM-50~ANZM-9000 etc.	8E*S*T-16A-⊡M	
(Relay part ~ Controller)	ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series	8E*S*TC-16A-□M	
Unmovable relay resolver sensor cable	ANZR series etc.	8R*S*T-16A-⊡M	
(Relay part ~ Controller)	ANZRC series etc.	8R*S*TC-16A-□M	
Encoder sensor extension cable (Relay part~Relay part)	_	8EST-16EX-□M	
Resolver sensor extension cable (Relay part~Relay part)	_	8RST-16EX-□M	

#### 3-4-2 GSKW Cable model list

Cable name	Use nut runner	Cable model	
Integrated power cable	ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc.	K8M5DW-4R-□M	
(Nut runner ~ Controller)	ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc.	K8M30D-4R-□M	
Movable relay power cable	ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc.	K8M5TW-4R-□M	
(Nut runner ~Relay part)	ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc.	K8M30T-4R-□M	
Unmovable relay power cable	ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc.	K8M5TW-4A-□M	
(Relay part ~ Controller)	ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc.	K8M30T-4A-□M	
Integrated encoder sensor cable	ANZM-50~ANZM-3500 etc.	8E*S*D-16R-□M	
(Nut runner ~ Controller)	ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series	8E*S*DC-16R-□M	
Integrated resolver sensor cable	ANZR series	8R*S*D-16R-□M	
(Nut runner ~ Controller)	ANZRC series	8R*S*DC-16R-□M	
Movable relay encoder sensor cable	ANZM-50~ANZM-3500 etc.	8E*S*T-16R-□M	
(Nut runner ~Relay part)	ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series	8E*S*TC-16R-□M	
Movable relay resolver sensor cable	ANZR series etc.	8R*S*T-16R-□M	
(Nut runner ~Relay part)	ANZRC series etc.	8R*S*TC-16R-□M	
Unmovable relay encoder sensor cable	ANZM-50~ANZM-3500 etc.	8E*S*T-16A-□M	
(Relay part ~ Controller)	ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series	8E*S*TC-16A-□M	
Unmovable relay resolver sensor cable	ANZR series etc.	8R*S*T-16A-□M	
(Relay part ~ Controller)	ANZRC series etc.	8R*S*TC-16A-□M	

Caution 1 (Cable General)

In parentheses represents the length of the cable. The unit is meters.

Please select from the numeric value that is designated.

You can also create other types of cables, but it takes time for delivery.

Caution 2(Angle and Torque sensor cable)

Please write the length the respective sensor cables are wishing on cable model \* when you buy it.

- E\*: The length of the encoder (angle sensor) from a parting.
- If you're blank, the length will be 0.3m.
- S\*: The length of the torqre sensor from a parting. If you're blank, the length will be 1.5m.

#### Caution 3(GKL cable)

In GKL, only the sensor cable is replaced with the following.

Integrated encoder sensor cable:8ED-8R-□M

Movable(Unmovable) relay encoder sensor cable:8ET-8R(A)-□M

# <u>4 Signal</u> <u>4-1 Signal type</u>

Parallel I / O

I/O	Points	Signal name	Specification	Contents
Parallel input signal	48	IN1~IN48	DC24V 11mA	GSK-IFSG-N1: Input/output: 24 points each GSK-IFSG2-N1: Input/output: 48 points each
Parallel output signal	48	OUT1~OUT48	DC24V 30mA max	GKL-IFSG-N1:Input/output: 24 points each GKL-IFSG2-N1:Input/output: 48 points each

#### Serial I/O

I/O	Note	Management
ARC-NET	Installation of terminating resistor 110 $\Omega$ is required	Inter-controller communication during multiaxis control (to be crossed by COM)
CC-LINK	Model:GSK-IFCC-N1/GKL-IFCC-N1	Communication of tightening management with PLC
Devise-NET	Model:GSK-IFDN-N1/GKL-IFDN-N1	Communication of tightening management with PLC
EtherNetI/P	Model:GSK-IFET-N1/GKL-IFET-N1	Communication of tightening management with PLC
PROFINET I/O	Model:GSK-IFPNIO-N1/GKL-IFPNIO-N1	Communication of tightening management with PLC
PROFINET IRT	Model:GSK-IFPMIRT-N1/GKL-IFPNIRT-N1	Communication of tightening management with PLC

# Analog monitor

Output item	Matter
M1	Output the date of torque, speed and current by the panel operation
M2	Monitoring of the motor rotation speed (Output plus value when it rotates to the right)

XYou can change the above in the operation of the setting panel. (See PageNo..81)

## I/F unit

I/O	Points	Matter
USB	1	Parameters and various data inputs and outputs data from the connection PC
Centronics or RS422	1 or 2	Connecction the printer or ID controller and Quality control PC (You cannot connect connect the printer when ID controller and Quality control PC are connected)
RS422	1	Connection the display.
RS485	1	The interface is connected at [Serial Input/Output]to a seaquencer , etc.

# 4-2 Input and output signals

# 4-2-1 Input and output signals

Input("PLC"→"GSK/GKL")

No.	Bit	Name	Matter			
			This is the opratio	n ready comand		
			0:Stop(Operation prohibition.The GSK/GKL Interface doesn't			
			run.)			
0	0	Operation ready	<ul> <li>Start signal cann</li> </ul>	ot be accepted.		
0	0	Operation ready	<ul> <li>It stops the motor</li> </ul>	r at emergency stop if it becomes 0 operation.		
			1: This operation	enabled state.		
			<ul> <li>The output signation</li> </ul>	I[Operation ready] becomes 1 operation when		
			the GSK/GKL can	oprate.		
			Choose Automatio	or manual operation		
			0: The manual ac	tions can be oprated		
			Input sigani	Action		
			inching start	The put rupper move to the		
			JOG start	specified position		
			XJOG/YJOG	JOG motion Xaxis/Yaxis		
			I on Positoning me	de]		
			Othe than the abo	ve, automatic operation is possible.		
0	1	Automatic/Manual	1: The automatic	operation is possible to start		
			Input siganl	Action		
				[On multi-axis mode]		
				It actions only 1 block.		
				When it exit, it waits for the next		
			start	start.		
				[on Desitaning mode]		
				Some set blocks are performed		
				continuously		
			GSK/GKL will star	t the program execution at the rising edge of the		
			start bit (start bit: $0 \Rightarrow 1$ ).			
0	2	Start	You also need to maintain the 1 at start bit during operation.			
			If 1 become 0 to	suspend, the automatic operation becomes a		
			cycle stop state d	uring the operation.		
0	3	Inching start	GSK/GKL will sta	in the inching action at the rising edge of the		
			inching start bit	(inching start bit: $0 \Rightarrow 1$ ).		
			GSK/GKL will res	et the determination result at the rising edge of		
	_		the determination reset bit (determination reset bit: $0 \Rightarrow 1$ ).			
0	4	Determination reset	Only when it receives the output signal of the program operation			
			end (Total OK bit or Total NG bit : 0⇒1)GSK/GKL will accept this			
			reset signal			
			GSK/GKL will res	et the alarm condition at the rising edge of the		
0	5	Alerm reset	Alerm reset bit (A	erm reset bit: 0⇒1).		
-	-		It successful Alarr	n reset (if driving preparation signal is ON)		
			Operation ready signal will return to ON.			
0	6	QL sginal	QL signal is input signal bit: $0 \rightarrow 1$ )	at the fishing edge of the fight signal bit (QL		
			r = 3 g (a r o (c - 1))			
			GSK/GKL Indicate	es whether to accept the QL signal。		
0	7	QL mode	0:unavailable 1:Effectiveness			
			This_signal_bit must become 1 when it does QL operation.			

No.	Bit	Name	Matter
		Program select 1	This signal indicates the program number at the automatic operation.
1	0-5	~ Drogram coloct C	(The program number represented by a six-digit binary number
		Program select 6	data. (Program select $1 \rightarrow BI(0)$ ) Program No, specify from among the up to the value of provisions
1	6	Input ENABLE	It tells the program number acquisition time
•	_	GSK reset	GSK/GKL will reset to the start condition at the rising edge of the
1	7	GKL reset	GSK/GKL reset bit (GSK/GKL reset bit: 0⇒1).₀
		XJOG+	
2	0.0	XJOG-	[Only positioning mode]
2	0-3	YJOG+	GSK/GKL does the JOG operation each of the X-axis/Y-axis.
		YJOG-	
		INX(1)	[Only positioning mode]
2	4-5	INX(2)	This signal is used to hold the X-axis movement in automatic
			operation.
2	67	INY(1)	[Only positioning mode]
2	0-7	INY2	operation
		Cvlinder return end	[Only positioning mode]
3	0-1	Cylinder motion end	This signal is used to check the vertical position of the nut runner.
			[Only positioning mode]
3	2-3	X-axis return order	Return the axis of the command to the specified position.
Ũ	20	Y-axis return order	When in operation such as automatic operation, it will begin to
			Move after interrupting the operation.
3	4-5	WAIT①	This signal is used when you temporarily suspend the execution of
Ũ	10	WAIT(2)	the program step.
			[Only positioning mode]
3	6	SPW	This signal is used when moving in synchronization among multi-
			units.
			[Only positioning mode]
3	7	JOG start	X-axis and Y- axis move to the specified position at the rising edge
			of the JOG start bit ( JOG start bit: 0⇒1).
			[Only positioning mode]
			hecome one
4	0-7	Positon No.	(The program number represented by a eight-digit binary number
			data.)
			This number specifies the range of 1 to 255.
			This signal is the input signal.
5	0	IN	GSK/GKL will hold a step execution until this signal becomes ON
			This signal is used in conjunction with the output signal "OUT"
		<b>-</b>	It will start measuring the tightening angle at the rising edge of the
5	7	lightening angle	tightening angle sample start bit (tightening angle sample start bit:
		sample start	0⇒1).

# 4-2-2 Output signal

Output	("GSK/GKL"-	→"PLC")
--------	-------------	---------

No.	Bit	Name	Matter
0	0	Completion of operation preparation	<ul> <li>GSK/GKL will notify the PLC that it is possible operations</li> <li>0: Incompletion of operation preparation GSK/GKL cannot operate.</li> <li>1: Completion of operation preparation. It accepts the signal to perform an operation such as a start.</li> <li>※It outputs 0 always in the following cases.</li> <li>An alerm occurs at the GSK/GKL(interface or driver).</li> <li>The input signal "operation ready" is 0</li> </ul>
0	1	System OK	It will notify that GSK/GKL system is normal 0: Operation error (An alerm occurs at the GSK/GKL (interface or driver). 1: Operation normal
0	2	BatteryOK	0:Battery voltage drop(2.5V or less). Determind only when the control power supply is turned on. 1:battery normal
0	3-4	Total OK Total NG	It displays the result of automatic operation. •When automatic operation starts ,OK bit and NG bit are 0 •When all blocks on the selected program completes, OK bit or NG bit becomes 1. %Sometimes Total NG change into Total OK by the QL processing %OK and NG bits don't become 1 when the process stops on the selected program
0	5	Nut runner running	0: Motor is stopped. (Servo motors are tuned off on all axes.) 1: Motor is running.(Either axis is controlled with motor.)
0	6	Completion of QL processing	This signal becomes 1when you complete QL process.
0	7	During program execution	This signal indicates that the program of automatic operation is running. 1:running
1	0-5	Program select OK 1 ~ Program select OK 6	To notify the number of the program that has been selected. (The program number represented by a six-digit binary number data (Program select OK 1→Bit0)).
1	6	Output ENABLE	<ul> <li>0: Initial value</li> <li>1: This signal become 1 when to input a program numner complete and it lost signal at the falling edge of the input ENABLE bit</li> </ul>
2	0-1	Tightening total OK Tightening total NG	<ul> <li>[on Multi-axis mode]</li> <li>It's always 0.</li> <li>[on positioning mode]</li> <li>It displays the tightening result of automatic operation.</li> <li>When automatic operation starts ,OK bit and NG bit are 0</li> <li>When all blocks on the selected program completes, OK bit or NG bit becomes 1.</li> </ul>
2	2-3	CompleteX-axis origin return Complete Y-axis origin return	0: Incomplete the return the origin position 1: Complete to return the origin position When this ignal is 0 GSK/GKL cannot use theprogram operation and JOG start.
2	4-5	Zero point and magnification check OK	It noticey zero point and magnification check result at the GSK/GKL driver. This OK signal is 1.: Zero point and magnification check is

		Zero point and	successful at all axes.		
		magnification check	This NG signal is 1: there are zero point and magnification check		
		NG	NG axisone or more.		
2	6	Cycle stop	This signal bit becomes 1 when the "cycle stop" occur.ed		
2	7	OUT	<ul> <li>OUT signal</li> <li>This signal is used in the synchronization with the PLC in automatic operation.</li> <li>This signal is 0 at the start.</li> <li>If the program of the command is the OUT attribute, it outputs1at the time of the comand of the process completed.</li> <li>This signal is used in conjunction with the input signal "IN".</li> </ul>		
3	6	Block OK Block NG	GSK/GKL notisy thetightening result each blocks. The signal is 0 at the start. Block OK $\Rightarrow$ 1 : Plogram advanced to the final step in the unit and tightening in the block is correctly completed. Block NG $\Rightarrow$ 1 : Plogram advanced to the final step and error occurred with either of tightening in the block %This signal doesn't change when X-axis/Y-axis complete the block.		
4	0-5	Block end 1 ~ Block end 32	GSK/GKL notify the block number what the work is completed in the automatic operation. The block number represented by a six-digit binary number data (Block end 1→Bit0)). This signal is 0 at the automatic operation start.		
4	6	Positioning mode boot in	[Only positioning mode] 0:X-axis and Y-axis aren't used. 1:X-axis or Y-axis alternatively both in operation.		
5	0-7	Position No.1 ~ Position No.128	【Only positioning mode】 GSK/GKL notify the position number at present. The position is undecided when this signal is 0. The position number represented by a eight-digit binary number data (Position No.1 bit→Bit0)).		
6	0-1	X-axis within the range 1 X-axis within the range 2	[Only positioning mode] It will turn ON when the X-axis is within a certain range Range of coordinates is determined by the range output upper limit value of "X Jikuteikaku setting".		
6	2-3	Y-axis within the range 1 Y-axis within the range 2	[Only positioning mode] It will turn ON when the Y-axis is within a certain range. Range of coordinates is determined by the range output upper limit value of "Y Jikuteikaku setting".		
6	4	Interference error	[Only positioning mode] This signal will be 1 if it has occurrd the interference between units.		
6	5	Position error	[Only positioning mode] This signal will be 1 when each axis has failed to move to the position specified by the position number.		
6	6-7	Cylinder return Cylinder motion	[Only positioning mode] This signal is located in order to lower the nut runner.		
7	0-7	Bolt 1 OK	Those signals output which signals are bolt numbers at the		
~ 14	~ 0-3	∼ Bol t60 OK	tighatening successful.		
14	4	Result transfer in	Turns ON when transferring result data using FTP communication		
14	-	progress			
14	5	Unused			
14	6 7	Life worping	Please refer to the preventive maintenance section.		
14	1		Flease relet to the preventive maintenance section.		

## 4-3 Input & output signal map

NO.	bit 0	bit 1	bit 2	bit 3	bit 4	bit 5	bit 6	bit 7
0	Operation ready	Automatic/ Manual	Start	Inching start	Determinati on reset	Alerm reset	QL sginal	QL mode
1	Program select 1	Program select 2	Program select 3	Program select 4	Program select 5	Program select 6	Input ENABLE	GSK/GKL reset
2	XJOG+	XJOG-	YJOG+	YJOG-	INX(1)	INX(2)	INY(1)	INY2
3	Cylinder return end	Cylinder motion end	X-axis return order	Y-axis return order	WAIT ①	WAIT(2)	SPW	JOG start
4	Positon No.1	Positon No.2	Positon No.4	Positon No.8	Positon No.16	Positon No.32	Positon No.64	Positon No.128
5	IN	_	_	_	_	Z JOG Up	Z JOG Down	Tightening angle sample start

Communication input (PLC  $\Rightarrow$  GSK/GKL)

Communication output (GSK/GKL  $\Rightarrow$  PLC)

NO.	bit	0	bit	1	bit	2	bit	3	bit	4	bit	5	bit	6	bit	7
0	Comple of opera prepara	etion ation ation	System	n OK	Battery	OK	Total	OK	Total	NG	Nut rur runni	nner ng	Comple of Q proces	etion L sing	During program execution	
1	Prog select (	ram DK 1	Progra select (	am DK 2	Progr select (	am DK 3	Program select OK 4		Progr select (	Program Program select OK 5 select OK 6		Output ENABLE		Comp Z-axis c retur	lete origin m	
2	Tighter total (	ning OK	Tighter total N	ning NG	Comp X-ax origin re	lete tis eturn	Comple axis or retu	ete Y- rigin rn	Zero p and magnifi n checl	oint d catio k OK	Zero p and magnifi n checł	oint d catio ( NG	Cycles	stop	OU.	Г
3	_		_						Z ax pottio	is n 1	Z ax pottio	is n 2	Block	( OK	Block	NG
4	Block o 1	end	Block 2	end	Block	end I	Block 8	end 3	Block 16	end	Block 32	end	Position mode I in	ning poot	Z axis moving	
5	Positi No.1	on 1	Positi No.:	on 2	Positi No	ion 4	Positi No.	ion 8	Posit No.1	ion 16	Positi No.3	on 32	Positi No.6	on 64	Positi No.1	on 28
6	X-ax within range	is the e 1	X-ax within range	tis the 2	Y-ax within range	is the e 1	Y-ax within range	is the e 2	Interfer erro	ence or	Position error		Cylino motio	der on	Cylino retur	der m
7	Bolt 1	ОК	Bolt 2	ОК	Bolt 3	ОК	Bolt 4	OK	Bolt 5	ОК	Bolt 6	ОК	Bolt 7	ОК	Bolt 8	ОК
8	Bolt 9	ОК	Bolt10	OK	Bolt11	OK	Bolt12	OK	Bolt13	OK	Bolt14	OK	Bolt15	OK	Bolt16	OK
9	Bolt17	OK	Bolt18	OK	Bolt19	OK	Bolt20	OK	Bolt21	OK	Bolt22	OK	Bolt23	OK	Bolt24	ОК
10	Bolt25	OK	Bolt26	OK	Bolt27	ОК	Bolt28	ОК	Bolt29	OK	Bolt30	OK	Bolt31	ОК	Bolt32	ОК
11	Bolt33	ОК	Bolt34	ОК	Bolt35	ОК	Bolt36	ОК	Bolt37	OK	Bolt38	ОК	Bolt39	OK	Bolt40	OK
12	Bolt41	OK	Bolt42	OK	Bolt43	OK	Bolt44	ОК	Bolt45	OK	Bolt46	ОК	Bolt47	ОК	Bolt48	OK
13	Bolt49	OK	Bolt50	OK	Bolt51	OK	Bolt52	OK	Bolt53	OK	Bolt54	OK	Bolt55	ОК	Bolt56	OK
14	Bolt57	OK	Bolt58	OK	Bolt59	OK	Bolt60	OK	Res transfe progre	sult er in ess			Protec warni	tion ng	Life wa	rning

Each signal of No.7~No.4 output If you specify the unit 1 only

## 4-4 Sequencerselected

M-NET communication is standard communication which can connect between GSK/GKLIF and PLC.

But it can be connected with the sequencer in other communications by setting the expansion board.

GSK/GKLIF reads the ID according to the board in the time of power supply on and moves according to the respective communication, so there is no setting change in the communication.

#### XXXXCautionXXXX

Reading a different ID board, to carry out the switching is Ver 1721-143 or later.

There is also equipment with an exclusive program (DeviceNet=1722. CCLINK=1723) by equipment before that.

## 4-4-1 Extender board setting method

Please set the following expansion board to connector J2 at under GSK/GKLIF of cover.

Communication Method	model
M-NET	GSK-IF-N1/GKL-IF-N1
DeviceNet	GSK-IFFN-N1/GKL-IFDN-N1
CC-LINK	GSK-IFCC-N1/GKL-IFCC-N1
EtherNet I/P	GSK-IFET-N1/GKL-IFET-N1
PROFINET IO	GSK-IFPNIO-N1/GKL-IFPNIO-N1
PROFINET IRT	GSK-IFPNIRT-N1/GKL-IFPNIRT-N1

# Functional differences

IO signal map does not change even changed communication method, but the functional has the following differences.

Communication method	Axis switching information	Tightening result notification
M-NET	Ν	Ν
DeviceNet	Y	Υ
CC-LINK	Υ	Υ
EtherNet I/P	Υ	Υ
PROFINET IO	Y	Y
PROFINET IRT	Y	Y

## 5 Operation timing chart

#### 5-1 Power ON and inching operation

(It will work at the speed and direction setting of rotation and inching that has been selected (1 to 24)

by the program selection signal (1 to 5)



# 5-2 program operation -2 step operation (1)

(1 block setting, if the judgment OK)

	ON								
Control power supply Drive power supply Input signal	ON								
<u>(</u> PLC→GSK)									
Operation ready	ON								
Automatic/inching	ON								
Program start	ON				-				
Inching start	ON							_	
Determination reset	ON							1,	
Alarm reset	ON								
QL input	ON								
QL mode	ON								
IN wait input	ŀ		).2 se	c. min.					
Program selection									
(1 to 5)	ON			_					
Input ENABLE	ON		7	,—					
Reset	ON		_						
Tightening angle sampli	ng ON								
Block selection (1 to 5)	ŀ								
Output signal									
$(GSK \rightarrow PLC)$ (Operation ready OK)	ON		_						
Device OK	ON		+						
Battery OK	ON		_						
Total OK	ON							K	
Total NG	ON				Į		   	י ו ו	
Operating	ON				⊥ <del>(1st step</del> )	2nd step	=	   	
Executing	ON							   	
QL processing	ON					.0.2sec	   	   	
end Stop completion	ON				-*				
Program selection	ĺ	(	<u>y</u>						
output (1 to 5)	ļ		_X_						
Output ENABLE	ON			7				 	
Block OK	ON								
Block NG	ON							I I	
Block selection output	ON								
(1 to 5)	ON						   1 blo	ck ;	
Blocks OK (1 to 26)	ON						OK   1 blo	ck	
Block completion	ON						comple	etion xes	
Axes OK (1 to 60)	L						Ok	<u> </u>	L

#### 5-3 program operation -2 step operation (2)

(When 1 block has settings of the 3 axis, first and second axis become NG at first step, third Axis is OK up to a two-step: there is QL process)



#### 5-4 program operation -2 step operation3

(When 1 set block has the 2 axis, first axis become NG at first step, second axis is OK up to a two-step

: QL process is nothing)



#### <u>5-5 program operation -1 step operation (1)</u>

(2 block setting of, among the three axes, 1 and 2-axis is the first block NG, 3 Axis OK, 2 th block all axes OK

: 1 block after QL)



#### <u>5-6 program operation -1 step operation(2)</u>

(2 block setting of, among the three axes, 1 and 2-axis is the first block NG, 3 Axis OK, 2 th block all axes OK: at the end of the program collectively QL)



#### 5-7 program operation --2 step operation (4)

(1 block, there is IN set ting to the second step))



#### 5-8 program operation -1step operation3

(3 blocks, if allowed to operate in the block order specified by the block selection signal: When the block select 1 to 5 are all OFF will operate from the block 1 in the order)



#### 5-9 Interruption of program operation (reset)

(And if one block after the end of reset in one step × 2 blocks operation is turned ON

If it became a reset or ON in the first block of the operation)



#### 5-10 Operation preparation OFF and program start OFF in the program operation

(At the 1 step × 2 blocks program , "Operation preparation OFF" occur in the first block and "program start off" occur the 2nd block.)



### 5-11 Alarm and alarm reset in the program operation

(At the 1 step × 2 blocks program ,the alarm occurs in the middle of first block , if that was allowed to restart after the alarm reset)



### 5-12 Tightening angle sampling operation

(It will start the operation at the tightening angle sampling start signal turn ON in the state of Completion of operation preparation.)



# 6 Setting

# 6-1 Display / setting function

It will display the each kinds fata, parameters and condition by the 7SEG.LED 6-digit.

You can change the settings in the push-button operation.

### 6-1-1 View of the display unit



### 6-1-2 Operation the display unit



# XimportantX

GSK/GKL driver you need to set the the axis number (1 to 30 decimal) in order to identify each axis.

If you use the driver in two or more axes, please set the axis number in the following way by operating the panel. In the case of Axis 1: You set the axis number to d00177 and write the number data.

(1-axis type of driver the same)

In the case of Axis 2: You set the axis number to d10177 and write the number data.

Please set so as not to overlap with the axis number of the driver.

If you use the two-axis type of driver, and you don't connect the motor, please set the axis number to 0 (not used).

# 6-1-3 Setting example

For GSK/GKL · GSKW/GKLW, each parameter can be changed by using the bottom button of 7 SEG display part. Here, we will explain the setting of representative parameters using 7 SEG display by using several examples. For the setting place etc. of each parameter, please refer to paragraph 7.

# 6-1-4 Procedure for setting axis number

When assembling equipment with GSK/GKL, you have to recognize each axis to number of each axis's own number.

Here, the setting procedure is shown below.



		Enter the axis number.
		Use the left button to change the number of
		digits and change the numerical value with $lacksquare$
7		or ▼ buttons.
	SEL H/D ▲ ▼ ◀	When setting of the axis number is completed,
		please push the SEL button.
		You will return to the address setting screen.
		Save the installed axis number.
		When you press and hold the left triangle
		button for about 2 seconds on the address
8		setting screen, the screen of 7-SEG flashes
	SEL H/D 🔺 🔻 ┥	twice.
		After this blinking is completed, the set data is
		saved.
		When saving of data is completed, it returns to
		the operation screen from the parameter
9		setting screen.
5		Please move the position of the dot to d with
	SEL H/D 🔺 🔻 ┥	the left button and set it to F with the $lacksquare$ or $lacksquare$
		button.
		When the leftmost 7-SEG becomes F, the
		screen on the left is displayed.
		Press the H / D button to return to the
10		operation screen.
	SEL H/D 🔺 🔻 <	At this time, if the number of Fn is other than
		"Fn 0 - 00", please note that even if you press
		the H / D button you can not return.

**%**Please set so that controller axis numbers do not overlap.

#### 6-1-5 Procedure to erase the 7 segment display of W type unused axis

There are circumstances such as using only one axis when using W type.

If you don't set the axis number, you can use W type as it is.

However, 7 SEG on the unused axis continues to discharge the sensor unconnected alarm.

(In this case, you can ignore the alarm and tighten the screw.)

Here is the procedure for setting to erase the indication of the unused axis which discharges the alarm.



%This setting procedure is available only after GSK/GKL version "1851-2.18". Please note that the display on the 2 axes side will not disappear even if this setting is made in earlier versions.

#### 6-1-6 Procedure of changed tightening sampling stop torque

It setting When you set the tightening method from the PC,

there is a sampling setting as a method for making that setting.

Here, we show how to set the target torque of the sampling operation to automatically collect the tightening information with the setting method.

(The tightening sampling stop torque has an initial value of 0.

For that reason, sampling setting can not be used unless that it sets the torque by this procedure.)



# 6-2 Program

					Unit nu	mbr(MAX:7)									
'no	gram ste	эp			Axis number(N	1AX : 30)									
						Unit:1					Unit :	1	Unit : N		_
					V	NR: AXIS 1							NR: AXIS N		
Г	STEP	lΞ	QUT	PRIN			ZERC	SY	NC F	z	OUT	PRIN		SYN S	C F
T	1			╞╺┷	RATE : 1	REV .T1		Ĵ						<u> </u>	-
T	2				BLOCK : 1	REA .T1									_
Ι	3				SCREW: 1	END									
	4		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	RATE : 1	REV.T1								_	
	5	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	BLOCK : 1	REA . I 1	-							_	
Ι				<u> </u>	SCREW : 2	END								-	
Ι	8	╟─		-			+	-						+	
Ι	9		<u> </u>				+								
T	10														
Ι	11														
	•														
Ι	· ·													_	
	•	⊢	-	<u> </u>										_	
	220	ц													
ᄂ															

	Unit:1			
	NR: AXIS 1			
		ZE	SY	NC
.* 2		RO	S	Е
RATE: 1	<sup>× 1</sup> REV.T1			
BLOCK: 1	REA.T1			
SCREW :1	END			
RATE:1	REV.T1			
BLOCK: 2	REA.T1			
SCREW: 2	END			

- times 1: The established movement content in the block of times 2
- %2 : You will set the following items by the "Tightening block operation select" in the "PROGRAM SET"
  - Rate : Rated setting of the nut runner to be used
  - Block: Operation content which is set by the block control You will set the contents of the block from the
    - tightening parameter settings for the following.
  - Screw: This represents the screw number of the tightening target.

Programrate	Number of axes	Number of programs	Number of blocks	Number of steps								
1	30	16	256	220								
2	30	50	256	70								
3	8	50	256	220								

#### Contorol flag/Rate Block 1 Step 1 Step 2 1th-axis Program 1 motion1 Step 3 motion2 Step 4 motion3 Step 5 2th-axis Program 2 motion4 Step 6 Step 7 motion5 Step 8 . Step 9 . . Step 10 Block 2 30th-axis Program 16 . or or motion1 . 8th-axis Program 50 Step 217 or 67 motion2 Step 218 or 68 motion3 Step 219 or 69

—Tightening parameter setting (Use the motion setting)-



#### User program data structure

## 7 Setting function details

## 7-1 Fn. \*\* Display setting function list

It can set internal data and modify and monitor at the panel surface of the GSK/GKL controller.

Select data	Matter of display data	Remarks
Fn0-00	status of 2-axis motion	Special display
Fn 0-01	I / O status	Display in the code the state of the DI and DO
Fn 0-02	Product Model	"021.0xx" xx is No. N upper two digits
Fn 0-03	Firm-ware program number	—
Fn 0-04	Firm-ware version number	_
Fn 0-05	At the time, minutes, and seconds	It displays the current time
Fn 0-06	date	It displays the date
Fn 1-00∼42	The first axis of the screw tightening result monitor	_
Fn 2-00∼42	The second axis of the screw tightening result monitor	_
Fn 3-00~19	M-Net input / output monitor	—
Fn 4-00~01	Printer output settings	(Note 1)
Fn 5-01~30	Setting the unit number	(Note 1)
Fn 6-00~19	Setting of the I / F parameter	(Note 1)
Fn 7-00~03	Setting the ID controller	(Note 1)
Axx-yy	Parameter of the "SOC.T" operation	xx < 50 , yy < 16: (Note 1)
Lxx-yy	Parameter of the "PRET" operation	xx < 50 , yy < 32: (Note 1)
Gxx-yy	Parameter of the "REV.T" operation	xx < 50 , yy < 16: (Note 1)
Hxx-yy	Parameter of the "REA.T" operation	xx < 50 , yy < 48: (Note 1)
Uxx-yy	Parameter of the "RATE" operation	xx < 30 , yy < 10: (Note 1)
Ххх-уу	Parameter of the "X-axis RATE" operation	xx<30, yy<16: (Note 1)
Үхх-уу	Parameter of the "Y-axis RATE" operation	xx<30, yy<16: (Note 1)
Pu.xxx.y	XY position movement point coordinates	u:1~4, xxx<288, y<2 (Note 2)
d0xxxx	Any data monitor of the 1th-axis	$3 < xxxx \leq 200$ : Can be changed (Note 3)
d1xxxx	Any data monitor of the 2th-axis	$3 < xxxx \leq 200$ : Can be changed (Note 3)
r0xxxx	The 1th axis of history data monitor	Address of FRAM , Data of 0xxxxh
r1xxxx	The 2th axis of history data monitor	Address of FRAM , Data of 1xxxxh

% Note 1: When the data selection mode, the data sent to the controller in the long press " $\leftarrow$ ".

 $\times$  Note 2: u is the unit number, xxx is point number, X coordinate in the y = 0, Y coordinate in the y = 1.

xxx> = 255 data limit coordinate data

X Note 3:At time of data selection mode, it save the data of xxxx <200 in the long press of the "←"

## Setting the axis number (d0xxxx)

GSK/GKL driver you need to set the the axis number (1 to 30 decimal) in order to identify each axis. Please set the following parameters to manipulate the case of a two-axis for the driver panel.

In the case of Axis 1: Write to set the axis number to d00177. (Same as 1-axis type driver)

In the case of Axis 2: Write to set the axis number to d10177.

Please set so as not to overlap with the driver axis number.

Please set the axis number to 0 (not used) or, if you do not want to connect the motor

in the two-axis type of driver.

Address	Name	Matter	unit
036	Speed limit	This sets the maximum value of the rotational speed.	rpm
064	method of return to origin	<ul><li>0: If you are detected using the LSW and the sensor</li><li>1: butting formula</li></ul>	—
065	Set position data after the return to origin	Abutment formula: return amount homing (LSW formula: set position after homing)	—
066	Homing start direction	Starting rotary direction of homing operation 0: positive direction 1: negative direction	—
068	Homing speed	Speed to start the homing	rpm
069	Creep rate	Origin detection rate	rpm
070	Collision time	Butting time in the origin detection of abutment type	msec
071	Collision torque	Butting torque in the origin detection of abutment type Please set as a percentage of the motor rated current	%
084	ID of the monitor 1	Data of the set ID is converted into an analog signal that it 's outputted from the M1 terminal.	—
085	Scale of the monitor 1	Output scaling of the monitor 1	
086	ID of the monitor 2	Data of the set ID is converted into an analog signal that it 's outputted from the M2 terminal.	
087	Scale of the monitor 2	Output scaling of the monitor 2	
104	Detection current of overload alarm	The alarm becomes overloaded when the average value of the motor current exceeds the set value. Setting value is set as a percentage of the motor rated current.	%
105	Detection rate of Acceleration alarm	The number of revolutions of the motor	rpm
112	Origin return overtime	Set the cycle timeout time during origin return.	msec
140	Sensor type	GSK(W)-OO-E-N2:2 GSK(W)-OO-E1-N2:2 GSK(W)-OO-E2-N2:2 GSK(W)-OO-R-N2:8 GSK(W)-OO-E-P2:6 GSK(W)-OO-E-P3:7 GKL(W)-OO-E-N2:2	_
141	Sensor resolution	GSK(W)-OO-E-N2:256 GSK(W)-OO-E1-N2:1024 GSK(W)-OO-E2-N2:2048 GSK(W)-OO-R-N2:8192 GSK(W)-OO-E-P2:16384 GSK(W)-OO-E-P3:16384 GKL(W)-OO-E-N2:256	—

#### 7-2 (d-00\*\*\*, d-10\*\*\*) Each-axis setting, driver parameter setting

Address	Name	Matter	unit				
7001692			unit				
		$GSK(W) = OO = E1 N2 \cdot 4$					
		GSK(W) - OO - E I - N2:4					
	Sensor resolution	olution GSK(W)-OO-E2-N2:4					
142	magnification	magnification GSK(W)-OO-R-N2:1 GSK(W)-OO-E-P2:4					
	magimeateri						
		GSK(W)-OO-E-P3:4					
		GKL(W)-OO-E-N2:4					
	Magnification of the	It sets the resolution magnification of the sensor.					
142	sensor resolution	NR, positioning encoder, positioning resolver: 4	_				
	Gear abnormality						
160	determination count	When the gear failure is detected, it will set the number of	_				
	(continuous)	times determined to the alarm.					
	Gear abnormality	It sets the resolution of the sensor					
161	determination count	NR: 256, Positioning resolver: 8192					
101	(cumulative)	Positioning encoder: 16384					
		NR2: 1024					
100	Temporary tightening	This sets the torque-free monitoring time of the pre-					
163	torque-free monitoring	tightening.	msec				
	Minimum gradient	It is judged to be abnormal when the gradient is less than					
165	determination value	the value obtained by multiplying the value of -1 to be set					
		here.	%				
100	Bolt fracture criterion	Here you set the rapid torque change rate that it is	%				
166	value	generated by a bolt breakage at the time of this tightening					
		end.					
	Polarity of tightening	This reverses the output polarity of the entire waveform by					
168	waveform	selecting 1.	—				
	waveloim	※ Please use when you select a left rotation					
169	Torque-free monitoring	This sets the torque-free monitoring time in the case of the	msec				
	time	operation other than the real tightening or pre-tightening.					
170	Zero times check wait	I his sets the waiting time until the beginning the					
170	time	acceptance of the torque signal from the output of the	msec				
		This sets the torque value of the starting point, when it					
174	Seating detection torque	starts the measurement at the tightening angle	Nm				
17-		measurement operation.					
		You enter the axis number of each corresponding to the					
477		driver.					
177	Axis number	*Please set immediately after the driver mounting when	_				
		installing the driver.					
		You are the axis of the driver nut runner - or for use as,					
		sets whether to use as a positioning motor.					
		1: Nutrunner 2:X-axis motor 3: Y-axis motor					
178	Axis type	×					
170	Axis type	Please set immediately after the same driver installation					
		and axis number.					
		It can be set in the PC configuration software unlike the					
		axis number.					
170	Cooket territe	You set the current limit at the time of the socket Remove	0/				
179	Socket torque limit	operations (inching operation) in what percentage of the	%				
	Angle sensor ourroot						
1003	nosition	Displays the current position of the motor's angle sensor.	—				
L	poolion	1					

※ Important items

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•••• You will need the settings when you install the driver to the equipment. Be sure to set this when installing the drivers to exchange and new.

#### 7-3 Socket-fittings setting

It is the setting for performing screw tightening before the preparation operation. (Numbers 1 to 50) Bolt picked up, it performs a gear check, fitting, etc., and then to state that can be screw-tightening. Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK/GKL driver panel (Axx-yy)

Number (yy)	Matter	increments
No.00	Rotation angle To set the rotation end angle.	1 degree
No.01	Speed Setting the rotation speed.	1rpm
No.02	Rotate / inching direction, fitting, gear check 00 *  LRotation / inching direction specified   0: rotation to the tightening direction   1: Rotation Loosen the direction + Torque judgment / fitting / gear check 0: No torque judgment 1: One-shot reversal 2: Fitting 3: Gear Check	_
No.03	Detection torque During the rotation, it reaches the set value, and exit the rotation. If you do not reach even beyond the cut angle will be the "fitting angle over".	0.1Nm
No.04	Before time From rotating operation start, after a set time, we actually begin to operate.	1msec
No.05	Over time When "setting time" elapsed from the rotation start, it completes the operation if in operation. (Not including before time)	1sec
No.06 ~ No.15	Unused	_

# 7-4 Pre-tightenings setting

Rotating at high speed until the seating position is set for moving the screw. (Numbers 1 to 50)

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK/GKL driver panel (Lxx-yy)

 $\star$ : This is a GSK-only setting. Set to 0 since it is not used in GKL.

 $rac{d}{d}$ : This is a GKL-only setting. Set to 0 since it is not used in GSK.

Number (yy)	Matter		
No.00	Rotation angle It sets the angle to rotate at the screw adjustment speed.		
No.01	Screw adjustment speed It sets the rotation speed while turning at rotation angle.		
No.02	Fast-forward angle It sets the rotation angle at the Fast-forward speed.		
No.03	Fast-forward speed It sets the rotation speed during the fast forward.		
No.04	Closed fast decision torque If this torque is reached between the start and the end of the fast-forward angle, the fast-tightening judgment becomes invalid.		
No.05	Pre-tightening torque		
No.06	Torque upper limit	If you have not entered torque value is in the range at the time of	0.1Nm
No.07	Torque lower limit	arrest, it will be "Pre-tightening torque over" "Pre-tightening torque under".	0.1Nm
No.08	End torque of 1th spe This torque switches	eed (upper byte) to the 2th speed.	0.1Nm
No.09	1th speed It is the speed before	the screw is fastened after fast forward.	1rpm
No.10	2th speed It is the final fastening speed of this process.		1rpm
No.11	Over time If the pre-tightening torque is not reached from the start of this process until this set value, the rotation stops when this set time is reached and "over time" NG is output. This time setting prevents mistakes.		1sec
No.12	Judgment area ★ Judgment area in the graph of angle and torque, is the integral value of the torque waveform		
No.13	Measurement invalid range ★ This sets the range to disable the area measurement. The corresponding area will be from the pre-tightening start to this setting angle.		1 degree
No.14	Measurement angle ★ The area is judged from the measurement start point to the set value.		1 degree
No.15	Before time It starts to operate after the set time has elapsed from the start of the temporary tightening process.		
No.16	Time upper limit ★	If the time of the stop found in the range of the set value will be	1msec
No.17	Time lower limit ★	"Pre-tightening time over" "Pre- tightening time under". (Measurement fromTQ1)	1msec
No.18	Angle upper limit	If no angle at the time of arrest comes in the range of the set value	0.1 degree
No.19	Angle lower limit	angle over". (Measurement from TQ1)	0.1 degree
No.20	Torque-free monitoring timeThis sets the time from the start of the pre-tightening until the start of torque monitoring.It does not measure the torque from the pre-tightening start until this set time.It is a setting to prevent misjudgment by picking up torque fluctuation at the start of rotation.		
No.21	Sampling start torque Measurement of tight at this set torque.	e ening time and tightening angle starts after detection of the arrival	0.1Nm

Number (yy)	Matter	increments
No.22	Pre- tightening cut angle ★ It stops when it reaches this set angle from measurement starting torque. This setting uses angles to prevent mistakes.	1 degree
No23	Stall time $\Rightarrow$ When using a sensorless type nut runner, in order to stabilize the tightening torque, the torque must be held for a certain time after reaching the cut torque. This sets the holding time.	1msec
No.24	Total angle upper limit This is the upper limit setting for total angle determination. If the angle from the start of temporary tightening to the end of temporary tightening exceeds the set value, the total angle over NG. This function can be used with I/F version: 1721-2.78 or higher and controller version 1851-2.44 or higher.	1 degree
No.25	Total Angle Lower Limit This is the setting of the lower limit of the total angle determination. If the angle from the start of temporary tightening to the end of temporary tightening does not reach the set value, the total angle under NG is set. This function can be used with I/F version: 1721-2.78 or higher and controller version 1851-2.44 or higher.	1 degree
No.26 ~ No31	Unused	
Pre-tightening reference waveform



# 7-5 Revese tightening setting

You use the seating detection determined that the burning decision.

Number	is the	number	of the	case to	be s	et from	GSK/GKI	driver	panel (	Gxx-v	V)
Number	13 1110	number		6436 10	00.0	CUIIOIII	OOL OIL	anvoi	paner	UNN-y	y)

Number (yy)	Matter	Increments
No.00	Reversal torque If this torque is exceeded when reaching the measurement angle, NG is output.	0.1Nm
No.01	Reverse angle This sets the angle to rotate in the reverse rotation.	1 degree
No.02	The 1th speed This sets the 1th speed of reverse rotation. (Usually to a smaller value than the 2th speed)	1rpm
No.03	Measurement angle Before the end of the reverse rotation operation, torque judgment is performed when this set angle is reached. Set the angle from the start of reverse rotation operation. Please set so that it becomes smaller than reverse rotation angle.	1 degree
No.04	Passing torque If there is no condition beyond this set value during reverse rotation operation, "reverse rotation passing torque NG" will be obtained. (It becomes NG when tightening an unclamped bolt etc.)	0.1Nm
No.05	Baking torque When the torque reaches the set value during the reverse rotation process, it becomes "reverse seizing torque NG". It becomes NG when the pre-tightening torque is too large or when the screws are seized to not loosen.	0.1Nm
No.06	Overtime When this set time has elapsed from the start of reverse rotation, if it is in operation, it outputs NG and ends the operation. (Excluding before time)	1sec
No.07	Speed 1 End angle When this set angle is reached, the speed is switched from the first speed to the second speed.	1 degree
No.08	The 2th speed It sets the reverse rotation second speed after removing the torque. (It is usually set to a value larger than the first speed)	1rpm
No.09	Before time When this set time has elapsed since entering the reverse rotation process, it will start operation.	1msec
No.10 ~ nO.15	Unused	_

Reverse tightening reference waveform



## 7-6 Real tightening setting

It is set for a final tightening of the screws. (Numbers 1 to 50)

This tightening will choose from two types of torque method / angle method.

However, in the case of GKL, the No. 00 setting is ignored.

Method	Exit conditions	Ju	idgment items	
Torque method	Until it reaches the cut torque, to rotate at a specified speed. Angle from the snug torque, to determine the judgment		Torque upper/lower limit	
Angle method	From the snug torque, it will rotate at the specified speed until it reaches the cut angle. Torque, time, torque gradient also determined.	Gradient decision	Time upper/lower limit Angle upper/lower limit Over time	
No torque sensor (GKL)	Do tighten similar to the torque method. Calculate the torque to use the current value of the motor.	_	_	

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK/GKL driver panel (Uxx-yy).

★ : This is a GSK-only setting. Set to 0 since it is not used in GKL.

 $\Rightarrow$  : This is a GKL-only setting. Set to 0 since it is not used in GSK.

Number (yy)		Matter	Increments	
No.00	Mode ★ 0: Torque	(In GKL angle method can not be used) method 1: Angle method	_	
No.01	Torque method	Real tightening torque: This torque is the target of this tighterning.	0.1Nm	
	Angle method	Stop torque: It is a stop torque to prevent the bolt from twisting.	0.1Nm	
No02	Torque         Samplling start torque : With this setting it begins measuring angle method           and time.			
	Angle method	Snag torque: It starts clamping plastic zone from this torque. It also starts measuring angle and time	0.1Nm	
No.03	Speed 1:	It is the speed at the start in this process. Normally set about 50 to 80 rpm. The tightening angle is also shown when tightening with only this process.	1rpm	
No.04	Speed 1 End angle: It rotates at speed 1 until this set angle is reached. When it reaches this angle, it switches to speed 2.			
No.05	Speed 2: This is the tightening speed in this process. 20 - 50 rpm is recommended.			
No.06	Over time: When this set time elapses from the start of the process, the process is terminated. It outputs overtime NG when it ends.			
No.07	Torque up	oper limit: It sets the allowable upper limit of cut torque or stop torque.	0.1Nm	
No.08	Torque lo	wer limit: It sets the allowable lower limit of cut torque or stop torque.	0.1Nm	
No.09	Torque method	Stop angle★: This is a setting to interrupt this process. It functions to not break the machine when the torque does not reach the target value due to some trouble.	1 degree	
	Angle method	Tightening angle: This is the rotation angle from the snug torque. This sets the target angle.	1 degree	
No.10	Before time: It delays the start of this process by the set value of time.			
No.11	Time upp	er limit★: It sets the allowable upper limit of the time. Unlike Overtime, this time is measured from the "measurement starting torque" or "Snag torque".	1msec	
No.12	Time lower limit★: It sets the allowable lower limit of the time. Unlike Overtime, this time is measured from the "Measurement starting torque" or "Snag torque".			

Number		Matter	Increments
No.13	Angle upp	per limit: It sets the allowable upper limit of the angle. Unlike Overtime, this time is measured from the "Measurement starting torque" or "Snag torque".	0.1 degree
No.14	Angle low	rer limit: It sets the allowable upper limit of the angle. Unlike Overtime, this time is measured from the "Measurement starting torque" or "Snag torque".	0.1 degree
No.15	Closed fa If the mea is output. In this cas screw is r	st decision angle: asurement start torque is detected earlier than this set angle, "fast-tightening NG" se, fast-tightening refers to a state in which the screw hole is crushed and the not tightened.	1 degree
No.16	Torque-fro	ee monitoring time: It will not monitor the torque for the set time from the start of the process.	1msec
No.17	Judgmen Judgmen It is a sett Please re setting.	t area ★: t area is in the graph of angle and torque. ing for judging screw failure, and if it exceeds this value, it will be "screw failure". fer to the measured value in the online etc of the automatic measurement for the	X 10
	Torque method	Unused	
No.18	Angle method	Snag torque upper limit: It is the upper limit value of snug torque. If this value is exceeded, "snug torque over NG" is output.	0.1Nm
	Torque method	Zone judgment★: It sets whether to perform the zone judgment.	—
No.19	Angle method	Snag torque lower limit: It is the lower limit value of snug torque. If this value is exceeded, "snug torque under NG" is output.	0.1Nm
No.20	Torque method	Zone judgment range ★: It is one of the screw judgment. We select the range of zone judgment from the following. "No zone monitoring" ⇒ Zone judgment is not performed. "Zone lower limit ignored" ⇒ The lower limit value is not judged at zone judgment. "Zone upper limit ignored" ⇒ The upper limit value is not judged when zone judgment is made. "Zone normal monitoring" ⇒ Judge by the upper limit value and the lower limit value when judging the zone	_
	Angle method	Real tightening torque passing: It is a torque to judge whether abnormality occurred during tightening. It is judged below this value after passing the snug torque.	0.1Nm
	Torque method	Zone starting point $\star$ : We set the torgue value at the start of zone judgment.	0.1Nm
No.21	Angle method	Gradient decision: It sets whether to make gradient judgment. 0: None 1: Execution	
No 22	Torque method	Zone starting point tolerance $\bigstar$ : We set the range of start torque for executing the zone judgment.	0.1Nm
N0.22	Angle method	Gradient sampling number: The width of one sampling is represented by this set value X 0.5 °.	1 times
	Torque method	Zone end point $\bigstar$ : It sets the angle of judgment range at zone judgment.	0.1 degree
No.23	Angle method	Moving average number: It sets how many times sampling is done in increments of 0.5 °. (Please refer the page number 65.)	1 times

Number (yy)		Matter	Increments
No 24	Torque method	Zone end point tolerance $\star$ : It sets the intersection angle of the end point for the zone judgment.	0.1 degree
110.24	Angle method	Gradient decision upper limit: It sets the upper limit value for gradient judgment.	1%
No.25	smoothing It sets wh 0:None	g tightening ★: ether to perform smoothing tightening. I: Execution	_
No.26	Initial spe	ed $\star$ : It sets the speed at the start of smoothing tightening	1rpm
No.27	Torque method Angle method	Cut torque at the speed ★: It sets the speed at which the cut torque is reached during smoothing tightening. Snug torque speed: It sets the speed at which the snag torque is reached during smoothing	1rpm 1rpm
No.28	Speed 3, It sets wh 0:None 1	4 additional mode: ether to use Speed 3 and 4. I: Execution	
No.29	Speed 3 s When this	switching angle: s angle is reached, speed 3 is switched.	1 degree
No.30	Speed 3:	It will be the speed when you are seated in Speed 3, 4 mode.	1rpm
No.31	Speed 4 switching torque: When this torque is reached it switches from Speed 3 to Speed 4.		
No32	Speed 4: It is the final tightening speed in speed 3, 4 mode.		
No.33	Torque method	Stall time $\Rightarrow$ : When the torque sensor is not used, it sets the time to hold the tightening torque in order to fix the torque.	1msec
	Angle method	Gradient decision lower limit: It sets the lower limit value for gradient judgment.	1%
No 34	Torque method	Over cut time $\bigstar$ : If tightening is not completed before exceeding this angle, NG will be output.	1msec
	Angle method	Reserve	
No.35	Total angl This is the If the ang value, the This funct 2.44 or hi	le upper limit e upper limit setting for total angle determination. gle from the start of real tightening to the end of real tightening exceeds the set e total angle over NG. tion can be used with I/F version: 1721-2.78 or higher and controller version 1851- gher.	1 degree
No.36	2.44 or higher. Total Angle Lower Limit This is the setting of the lower limit of the total angle determination. If the angle from the start of temporary tightening to the end of temporary tightening does not reach the set value, the total angle under NG is set. This function can be used with I/F version: 1721-2.78 or higher and controller version 1851- 2.44 or higher		
No.37 ~ No.47	Unused		

% Priorities of behavior is "with smoothing tightening"> "Speed 3, 4, additional mode".

### Real tightening reference waveform (Torque method)



### **Gradient calculation method**

#### About Gradient judgment

#### Setting items

- ① Gradient sampling number
- (2) Moving average quantity
- 3 Gradient judgment value

#### Explanation of contents

(1)Gradient sampling number means the width of sampling per 1 time. (Torque rising value at setting number x  $0.5^{\circ}$ ) 2 Moving average quantity means the number to get the data of width determined by the gradient sampling number at 0.5° interval. 3 Calculation method of gradient judgment value. Setting value≦gradient at completion of real tightening /gradient right after snag torque x 100



Gradient sampling number

#### Example 1

(Based on tightening result said on right) Gradient sampling number (1) Moving average quantity (7) Gradient judgment value (70)

Gradient right after snag torque (Initial gradient)

Q'ty	Angle	Torque rising value
1	0.0~0.5	1
2	0.5~1.0	1
3	1.0~1.5	1
4	1.5~2.0	1.5
5	2.0~2.5	1.5
6	2.5~3.0	1.5
7	3.0~3.5	1.5
Ave	rage value	1.285714286

Gradient at the completion of final tightening (Completion gradient)

Q'ty	Angle	Torque rising value
1	12.5~13.0	0.3
2	13.0~13.5	0.2
3	13.5~14.0	0.2
4	14.0~14.5	0.2
5	14.5~15.0	0.2
6	15.0~15.5	0.1
7	15.5~16.0	0.1
Ave	rage value	0.185714286

Gradient value  $0.186 \div 1.286 \times 100 = 14.46\%$  Example 2

(Based on tightening result said on right) Gradient sampling number (2) Moving average quantity (5) Gradient judgment value (70)

Gradient right after snag torque (Initial gradient)

Q'ty	Angle	Torque rising value
1	0.0~1.0	2
2	0.5~1.5	2
3	1.0~2.0	2.5
4	1.5~2.5	3
5	2.0~3.0	3
Ave	rage value	2.5

Q'ty	Angle	Torque rising value
1	13.0~14.0	0.4
2	13.5~14.5	0.4
3	14.0~15.0	0.4
4	14.5~15.5	0.3
5	15.0~16.0	0.2
Ave	rage value	0.34

Gradient value  $0.34 \div 2.5 \times 100 = 13.6\%$ 

Angle	Torque
0.0	40.0
0.5	41.0
1.0	42.0
1.5	43.0
2.0	44.5
2.5	46.0
3.0	47.5
3.5	49.0
4.0	50.5
4.5	51.5
5.0	52.5
5.5	53.5
6.0	55.0
6.5	56.5
7.0	58.0
7.5	59.0
8.0	60.0
8.5	60.5
9.0	61.0
9.5	61.5
10.0	62.0
10.5	62.5
11.0	63.0
11.5	63.3
12.0	63.6
12.5	63.9
13.0	64.2
13.5	64.4
14.0	64.6
14.5	64.8
15.0	65.0
15.5	65.1
16.0	65.2

Tightening result

Gradient at the completion of final tightening

Judgment becomes OK because of less than 70% of setting value in case of example 1 and example 2.

## 7-7 Rate setting

It is the basic settings for the nut runner axis. (Number 1 to 30)

Please set a value corresponding to the motor and sensors to be used in the nut runner.

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK/GKL driver panel (Uxx-yy).

Torque sensor rate/Current sensor rate           • Torque sensor exist: Set the torque at the time of the torque sensor output 10V.           • Torque sensor none: Set the nut runner shaft end torque of that which causes a momentary maximum current to the motor.	0.1Nm
• Torque sensor exist: Set the torque at the time of the torque sensor output 10V.     • Torque sensor none: Set the nut runner shaft end torque of that which causes a momentary maximum current to the motor.     Tightoning direction/Nut runner format	0.1Nm
No.00 output 10V. • Torque sensor none: Set the nut runner shaft end torque of that which causes a momentary maximum current to the motor.	0.1Nm
Torque sensor none: Set the nut runner shaft end torque of that which causes a momentary maximum current to the motor.  Tightoning direction/Nut runner format	
causes a momentary maximum current to the motor.	
Tightoning direction/Nut runner format	
The following Bit allocation in hexadecimal data	
F E D~8 7~0	
0 Tightening direction (Nate 2)	
No.01 (Note 2) (Note 1)	_
lightening_direction	
o. Fightening in the motor shaft and CCW rotation)	
1. Tightening in the left rotation looking at the motor from the encoder	
side (tightening in the motor shaft end CW rotation)	
Limit over	
When the zero-fold check it set the tolerance of magnification output	
value and zero output.	
No 02 Zero-point output = (zero point preset) $\pm$ (limit over)	0.1Nm
Magnification output = (magnification preset) ± (limit over)	0.11411
If it exceeds the above, respectively, "zero offset anomaly", it will be	
(Torque concercience) at rating ourrent concercience (10% at rating)	
Set over	
Set the fluctuation tolerance value every zero times check	
It compares the current output value and the output value in the	
No.03 previous zero times check, respectively When the difference exceeds	0.1Nm
the set value each will be "zero offset fluctuation abnormal" and	
"magnification change abnormal".	
(About 2% of the torque sensor rating)	
Zero point preset	
No.04 No.04 Conversion	0.1Nm
Usually set to "0".	
Magnification preset	
To set the output voltage at the time of the torque sensor magnification	0.111m
check with a torque conversion.	U. HNM
Usually set the 1/2 of the value of the "torque sensor rating".	
Gain correction	
It is used to perform a correction of output of the torque (current) sensor	
If not corrected, set the half of the value of the "sensor rating".	
No.06	0.1Nm
T = Sensor output voltae (V) X Torque sensor rate X Magnification prese	t
10(V) Gain correction	
The smaller the gain correction value, the actual torque will be higher.	
Reduction ratio	
No.07   No.07	0.1rev
nease set as mechanism when the motor shall rotates the set value is	
No 08 Moter model (Note 3)	<u> </u>
N.09 Unused	<u> </u>

	Note	1:	About	value	of	nut	runner	type.
--	------	----	-------	-------	----	-----	--------	-------

Value	GSK	GKL	remarks
value	Nut runner type	Nut runner type	Ternaika
0	OTHER	—	
1~10	—	—	
11	ANZMT-350UW	—	
12	ANZMT-500UW	_	
13	ANZMT-1600UW	ANMH-2000	
14	ANZMCH-200	ANMH-2001	
15	ANZMCH-450	—	
16	ANZMCH-900	—	
17	ANZMCH-1550	_	
18	ANZMCH-1850S	—	
19	ANZMCH-2001	_	
20	ANZR(C)-5000	_	
21	ANZR(C)-7000	_	
22	ANZR(C)-9000		
23	ANZR(C)-12000		
	741211(0) 12000		This setting can be used with controller
24	ANZM(C)-50E2	—	version 1851-2.38 or higher.
25	ANZMCTH-450	—	
26	ANZMCXH-100E1	—	
27	ANZMCXH-150E1	—	
28	ANZMCXH-230E1	_	
29	ANZMCXH-450E1	_	
30	ANZMCXH-700E1	_	
31	ANZMCXH-900E1	_	
32	ANZM(C)-4800	_	
33	ANCKHM-200	_	
34	ANCKHM-300		
35	ANZM(C)-9001		
36	ANZM(C)-20000		
37	ANZM(C)=30		
38			
30			
39	ANGRI IM-500	—	
40~41		—	
42	ANZMKH-400		
43	ANZM(C)-250	ANM-220	
44	ANZM(C)-50		
45	ANZM(C)-350	ANM-320	
46	ANZMH-200	—	
47	ANZM(C)-500	ANM-400	
48	ANZM(C)-850	ANM-640	
49	ANZMH-450	ANM-1800	
50	ANZM(C)-1600	ANM-1200	
51	ANZM(C)-2000	ANMH-400	
52	ANZMKH-700	ANM-2000	
53	ANZM(C)-3000	ANM-3000	
54	ANZMH-1500	ANM-3100	
55	ANZM(C)-5000	ANM-5000	
56	ANZM(C)-7000	—	
57	ANZM(C)-9000	ANM-9000	
58	ANZM(C)-9000S		

Value GSK		GKL	romarke
value	Nut runner type	Nut runner type	Ternaiks
59	ANZM(C)-4500	—	
60	ANZM(C)-15000	—	
61	ANZMH-1500	_	
62	ANZMH-900	ANM-1400	
63	ANZM(C)-3500	ANM-1700	
64	ANZMSH-700	_	
65	ANZMH-9000	—	
66	ANZMSH120E1	—	
67	ANZMH-2001	_	
68	ANZMSH-130	_	
69	ANZMSH-420	_	
70	ANZMH-1800S	—	
71	ANZMSH-2000	_	
72	AMZMH-2000	_	
73	ANZMSH-500	_	
74	ANZM(C)-1800S	—	
75	ANZM(C)-12000	_	
76~79	_	_	
80	ANZMKSH-40	—	
81	—	—	
82	—	ANM-10	
83	ANZMSH-150		
84	LUR-1000	LUR-1000	
85	ANZMCTH-100E1	—	
86	ANZMCTH-150E1	—	
87	ANZMCTH-230E1	—	
88	ANZMCTH-450E1	—	
89	ANZMCTH-700E1	—	
90	ANZMCTH-900E1	—	
91~92	—	—	
93	ANZMCH-2500	—	
94	ANZMSH-2001	_	
95	ANZMCTW-3500	<b> </b> _	
96	ANZMCH-2100	_	
98	ANZRCH-2500	_	
99	OTHER	OTHER	

Value	Sensor type	remarks
0	Nothing	
1	100S	
2	200	
3	250	
4	350	
5	500	
6	850	
7	1500	
8	2500	
9	4000	
10	5000	
11	7000	
12	7500	
13	8000	
14	1200	
15	15000	
16	20000	
17	ANMSH-13	
18	AZM-40SH	
19	ANZMSH-70	
20	AZMT-150	
21	OTHER	
22	1850	
23	5500	
24	AZMC-51	

# Note 2: About value of sensor type. (GSK only)

Value	Motor type	remarks
0	TS4129N2820E230	
1~6	—	
7	TS4509N2825E203	
8	TS4515N2820E202	
9	TS4603N1920E203	
10	TS4603N1925E203	
11	TS4609N1920E203	
12	TS4612N6920E601	
13	TS4614N6920E102	
14	TS4617N1520E203	
15	TS4617N1920E203	
16	TS4618N1920E203	
17	TS4619N1920E203	
18	TS4619N1922E207	
19	TS4839N2820E235	
20	TS4617N1925E203	
21	TS4609N1925E203	
22	TS4618N1927E203	
23	TS4610N1625E206	
24	TS4619N1926E207	
25	TS4619N3326E207	
26	TS4603N1520E203	This setting can be used with controller version 1851-2.38 or higher.
27	TS4618N1922E203	This setting can be used with controller version 1851-2.39 or higher.

Note 3: About value of motor model

## 7-8 X-axis rate setting

It is the basic settings for the X-axis. (Number 1 to 30)

Please set the motor and the moving speed, and the like to be used in the X-axis.

X-axis rate number 28 to 30, number 28 is X/Y-axis Inching. - No. 29 is specified point movement.

- No. 30 is used in the back X.

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK/GKL driver panel (= xx-yy).

Number (yy)	Matter			Increments
No.00	Acceleration time constant The acceleration time constant at the time of position movement set in the rotation angle unit of the motor.			10 rpm/s
No.01	Deceleration time The deceleration rotation angle unit	0000-7FFF	10 rpm/s	
No.02	Moving Speed It set the moveme	ent speed at the time of position movement.	0000-9999	1mm/s
No.03	Point ± detection When the current of the points", GS has been complet	0000-9999	0.1mm	
No.04	Range output ① lower limit	When the current Y-axis coordinate is within the range of	0000 0000	1mm
No.05	Range output ① upper limit	ON.X	0000-9999	
No.06	Range output ② lower limit	When the current Y-axis coordinate is within the range of this setting, the output signal "X range output (2)" will turn	0000-9999	1mm
No.07	Range output ② upper limit	ON.X	0000-0000	
No.08	Motor revolution a It is set something	0000-9999	0.001 mm/rev	
No.09	Motor model It is set the model (Note 1)	0000-7FFF	_	
No.10	Source direction of When the position motor is turning in 0000:CW direction 0001:CCW direction	0000 / 0001	_	

Value	Motor type	remarks
0~2	—	
3	TS4603	
4	TS4604	
5	TS4607N2088	
6	TS4609	
7	TS4607N3222	
8	—	
9	TS4612	
10	TS4610	
11	TS4606	
12	TS4612N3222	
13	TS4613N3222	
14	TS4614N6920	
15	TSM4104N2820	
16	TSM4104N7820	
17	TSMB	
18	TSM	
19	TS4602N7032E200	
20	TS4602N8000E200	
21	TS4603N8000E200	
22	TSM4204N7820E205	This setting can be used with controller version 1851-2.37 or higher.
23	TSM4354N2802E200	This setting can be used with controller version 1851-2.48 or higher.
24	TSM4354N7802E200	This setting can be used with controller version 1851-2.48 or higher.
25	TSM4254N2820E200	This setting can be used with controller version 1851-2.49 or higher.

Note 1: About value of motor model

## 7-9 Y-axis rate setting

It is the basic settings for the Y-axis. (Number 1 to 30)

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK/GKL driver panel (= xx-yy).

Number (yy)		Setting range	increments	
No.00	Acceleration and The acceleration rotation angle unit	0000-7FFF	10 rpm/s	
No.01	Deceleration time The deceleration rotation angle unit	constant time constant at the time of position movement set in the t of the motor.	0000-7FFF	10 rpm/s
No.02	Moving Speed It set the moveme	ent speed at the time of position movement.	0000-9999	1mm/s
No.03	Point ± detection When the current value of the points specified point ha	0000-9999	0.1mm	
No.04	Range output ① lower limit	When the current Y-axis coordinate is within the range of this setting, the output signal "X range output $(1)$ " will turn	0000 0000	1mm
No.05	Range output ① upper limit	ON.X	0000-9999	
No.06	Range output 2 lower limit	When the current Y-axis coordinate is within the range of this setting, the output signal "X range output (2)" will turn	0000 0000	1.000
No.07	Range output ② upper limit	ON.X	0000-9999	111111
No.08	Motor revolution a It is set something	0000-9999	0.001 mm/rev	
No.09	Motor model It is set the model of motor. (same as X-axis rate)		0000-7FFF	—
No.10	Source direction of rotation When the position is increased in the positive direction, and set whether the motor is turning in any direction. 0000:CW direction as viewed from the rear of the motor 0001:CCW direction as viewed from the rear of the motor		0000 / 0001	_

X The setting value of the range output will be the range output that Y Jikuteikaku numbers 1 to 4 are each units 1 to 4.

Please beware that the settings for the unit rather than the axis.

## 7-10 Point setting

It will remember the XY coordinates of each unit in the form of a point number.

If GSK/GKLIF instructs the move to GSK/GKL driver, specify the point number, not the coordinate value.

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK/GKL driver panel (= x-yyy-z).

The x is the unit number  $(1 \sim 4)$ , yyy is point number  $(1 \sim 255)$ , z indicates the axis type.

Number	Matter			Setting	Increments
No.000 ~ No.254	Point coordinate value (Point number1~255) Set the coordinate values of the point of the X-axis. ※ Axis type (z):0 is the X-axis, 1 is the Y-axis.				0.1mm
No.255	Reserve				
	Set the adjacent interference distance 1 to 8. The combination of the unit number (x) and the shaft type (z) shows the following value.				
	Unit number(x)	Axis type(z)	Meaning		
No256	1	0 1	Adjacent interference distance 1 Adjacent interference distance 2	_	_
	2	0	Adjacent interference distance 3 Adjacent interference distance 4		
	3	0 1 0	Adjacent interference distance 5 Adjacent interference distance 6		
	4	0 1	Adjacent interference distance 7 Adjacent interference distance 8		
No257	Set the soft limit (+ direction). Set the upper operating limit coordinate value according to the unit number $(x)$ and the shaft type $(z)$ .			_	—
	Set the adjacen The combinatio following value.	t interference di n of the unit nur	stance 9 to16. nber (x) and the shaft type (z) shows the start type (z) shows the shaft type (z) shows the start start start start starts and the start start start start starts and the start start start start starts and the start st	ne	
	Unit number(x)	Axis type(z)	Meaning		
No258	1	0 1	Adjacent interference distance 9 Adjacent interference distance 10		
110230	2	0 1	Adjacent interference distance 11 Adjacent interference distance 12		_
	3	0 1	Adjacent interference distance 13 Adjacent interference distance 14		
	4	0 1	Adjacent interference distance 15 Adjacent interference distance 16		
No.259 ~ No.266	Each individual or (GSK/GKL is not u	_	_		
No267	Adjacent interference check invalid setting BIT1 0:check 1:not check ※ Note that the check "to" 0			_	_
No268	Set the soft limit (- direction). Set the lower operating limit coordinate value according to the unit			_	_
No269 ~ No 287	Reserve	2 /		_	_

### 7-11 (Fn.01) Tightening result monitor of the 1th axis

Number	Content
Fn.1- 00 to 42	This displays the result of 1th axis.

Monitor only. You cannot change the content.

## 7-12 (Fn.02) Tightening result monitor of the 2th axis

Number	Content
Fn.2- 00 to 42	This displays the result of 2th axis.

Monitor only. You cannot change the content.

#### <u>%The display contents of the Fn.1 and Fn.2</u>

In data selection mode, when they are the Fn1-xx and Fn2-xx, you can monitor the data of screw tightening each CH1 and CH2. Its contents are as in the following table.

Number	Contents
00	Screw number
01	Program number
02	The torque results of socket alignment operating
03	The time results of socket alignment operating
04	The angle results of socket alignment operating
05	The torque results of pre-tightening operation
06	The time results of pre-tightening operation
07	The angle results of pre-tightening operation
08	The torque results of final tightening operation
09	The time results of final tightening operation
10	The angle results of final tightening operation
11	The sample point torque of final tightening operation
12	The final slope ratio of final tightening operation
13	Unused
14	The torque results of reverse operation
15	The time results of reverse operation
16	The angle results of reverse operation
17	Result number
18	The fast-forward torque result of pre-tightening
19	The fast-forward time result of pre-tightening
20	The fast-forward angle result of pre-tightening
21	The area result of pre-tightening
22	The area result of final tightening
23	The initial slope of the final tightening
24	The final slope of the final tightening
25	The gradient ratio of t final tightening ((23) / (24) × 100)
26	The sample point torque result of pre-tightening
27	The total operating time result of the pre-tightening operation
28	The total rotation angle result of the pre-tightening operation
29	The total operating time result of the final tightening operation
30	The total rotation angle result of the final tightening operation
31	The sample point angle result of the reverse rotation
32	The execution time of the program operation
33	Unused
34	Unused
35	The offset torque result of zero magnification check operation
36	Zero preset value of the "rate" parameter
37	The test of the zero magnification check operation
38	The gain correction value of the "rate" parameter
39	The number of running the program operation
40	Position data of the motor[2048/rev]
41	The A / D input value of the torque sensor [2048/10V]
42	(Parameter)typical value of torgue sensor preset

You can update the display data by long press of the " $\leftarrow$ " button.

## 7-13 (Fn.03) Input and output monitor

Number	Unit number Matter		Setting range	
Fn3-00 to 19	Un.0	Display the internal state of the GSK/GKL-IF	[No.0 ~ No.12]: check the network status [No.14, No.15]: GSK/GKL-IF alarm display [Other than those described above]: Preliminary	
	Un.1 to 7	Display the input and output signals of communication with the PLC	[No.0-No.5]: the contents of the input signal 0 to 5 [No.6-No.19]: the contents of the output signal 0 to 13	

※ Attention point of the input-output monitor

The signal monitor display is a hexadecimal display. Please do the following change to convert it to parallel I/O data.

• 4 digits of displayed contents are changed from a hexadecimal number to a binary number.

Right end of the value after a change (LSB) is equivalent to IN 0/OUT 0.

It is incremented by one in accordance as the advance on the left sidet, it will be the IN 15 / OUT 15. If the corresponding digit isn't calculated as "0".

## 7-14 (Fn.04) Operation instruction from GSK/GKL drive

The write operation of Fn4 will be the operating instructions for the GSK/GKL interface. Set the operation type to Fn4-00 and the data number to Fn4-01, and it will execute the following operations by the long press the left arrow button.

Number	Matter	Description
Fn400	Operation type	<ol> <li>The final tightening result print start</li> <li>Special Operation</li> </ol>
Fn401	Data number	This becomes a different meaning by the operation type. [In the case of operation type = 1] Unit number (1 to 7). [In the case of operation type = 2] Special operation for debugging 1: It will allow the special operation ★1 2~7: Unused 8:Communication port exchange of debugging and PC communication (RS232C → USB).★2

★1 Only just after writing in "1" for wrong operation prevention, after 2 moves.
 For example, when you want to save the SETTING.BIN file, please do in the 1 → 2 of the order.
 You need to do from writing again "1" If you perform another operation.

★2: After the end of a read, please cut the powersupply and turn on the power of GSK/GKL interface after that.

## 7-15 (Fn.5) unit setting

Number	Matter	Setting range
NO.□□	The $\Box\Box$ is axis number. Please set each axis belongs the unit number to Un- $\circ\circ$ . The set value of the unit will be the station number of SIO. Please be sure to set "Un.01" as an axis with the interface unit. To the axis of the shaft cut is set to "Un" the unit number.	Un.01~Un.07 Un.-
No	Save at once all of the data of Fn.11 at the SAVE button.	—

## [Caution]

Please the power of always GSK/GKLIF after changing the unit set to the OFF / ON. GSK/GKL system does not correspond to change the unit configuration while the power is ON.

# 7-16 (Fn.6) Interface unit setting

Number	Matter	Setting range	Increments
No.00	To select equipment type: Here you select the type of equipment. This setting is used in the adjacent interference check in the positioning mode. 0000:Standard coordinate 0001: Special coordinate1 0002: Special coordinate2	0000/0002	_
No.01	The maximum waiting time of waveform read in quality management PC [Multi axis mode] This setting is not used in this mode. [Positioning mode] It sets the maximum time to wait when it reads the waveform to the quality control personal computer. The quality control personal computer will read the waveform at the end of a block, but the reading of the waveform is needs the many time. This setting is a timer in order to hold between the read. 1~9:Waiting time 0:Quality management PC is invald [Set 1 or more] It is pending the execution of the next block until it finishes reading waveform of all the units by the personal computer at the end of a block.	0000-0009	sec
	If the waveform reading finshed earlier than the setting time, it will start the next block as soon as reading is over. ⇒When the reading of the wave pattern of all units is not finished even if it reaches in waiting time, I start the next blocking. ※This setting is the setting for the quality control personal computer, but the behavior is the same if you have connected the setting personal computer. Please be sure to set a 0 if you do not want to connect the quality management PC.		
No.02	Screw number for ID output It sets the maximum number of for a single work.	0000-0099	—
No.03	This sets the communication speed of the personal computer (1 byte data of hexadecimal) communication speed of setting personal computer (bps) * 0:9600 * 1:19200 * 2:38400 communication speed of quality control personal computer (bps) * 0: 19200 * 1:38400	0000-0012	_
No.04	<ul> <li>Setting of the external display (Decimal data)</li> <li>1th digit: Display valid (0: Invalid 1: Valid)</li> <li>2th digit: Language switching (0: Japanese 1: English)</li> <li>※Language will be changed by sending the information of the language switching to an external display.</li> </ul>	0000-0011	_
No.05	M-NET signal monitor unit selection This select the unit number (1 to 7) to be displayed in GSK/GKL driver panel according to the M-NET signal monitor (Fn03). If set to 0 will be the state monitoring of GSK/GKL interface.	0001-0007	_
No.06	Waveform resolution to an external display The resolution of the waveform data when transmitted to an external display in 0.5-degree increments. (For example, 0.5 degrees: 05,1.0 degrees: 10,1.5 degrees: 15,2.0 degrees: 20)	0005-0095	0. 1degree

Number	Matter	Setting range	Increments
No.07	Communication speed of the external display (bps) 0:38400 1:57600 2:76800 3:115200 [Note: the operation of the later version 1721-141] When the power is ON it will connect at the optimal speed to check the communication speed of the display. This setting is the default communication speed in the case of the connection between the power is turned ON display it could not be confirmed. Please combine this setting with the communication speed of display as possible.	0-3	
No.08	Print Settings (hexadecimal data) This sets the conditions relating to the printer output. BIT7: new line code specified (0: LF 1: CR + LF) BIT6-3: unused BIT1-0: Auto Print selection (00: N / 01: every time 10: NG at the time / 11: First N stand + when NG)	_	_
No.09	Online print mode BIT5: print format (0: Standard 1: Jamco specification) BIT4: zero times result print presence or absence BIT3: Print the presence or absence of this tightening results BIT2: Print the presence or absence of the reverse result BIT1: temporary tightening result print presence or absence BIT0: socket alignment prints presence or absence	_	_
No.10	Initial number (N at the time of the "automatic printing selected first N stand" of No08 Print Settings)	_	_
No.11	QL setting X This feature is enabled by Version1721-170 below.	—	—
No.12	PLC setting This sets the such as IO size of the PLC to be connected to the Anybus board. Please set the parameters according to the PLC to be connected. Meaning of the value depends on the Anybus board.	_	_
No.13 ~ No.19	Unused	—	—

# 7-17 (Fn.7) ID controller connection setting

Number	Matter
No.0	ID controller output content setting
No.1	ID controller output content setting
No.2	Function selection of the Interface unit CH12
No.3	SIO start address setting " set at the 1-7 "
No	Save at once all of the data of Fn.12 at the SAVE button.

Please refer to the following about the details of the above-mentioned Fn.7.

No.	Digit	Setting value	Transmission timing
	1 <sup>st</sup> diait	0	Data transmission at block judgement output
		1	Data transmission at start of next block and input of judgement reset input
		2	Data transmission from command from the upper device
		Min.3	Not used
No0	2 <sup>nd</sup> digit	0 to 7	Set the digit no. of engine no. transmission (digit no-1)
	3 <sup>rd</sup> digit	0/1	Setting of with or w/o transmission eith axis no. 0: not to be transmitted 1: to be transmitted
	4 <sup>th</sup> digit	0/1	Setting yes or no with transmission of each axis judgement0: not to be transmitted1: to be transmitted
	1 <sup>st</sup> digit	Defer to the	Set the digit no. of transmission with torque
No 1	2 <sup>nd</sup> digit	undermentioned	Set the digit no. of transmission with time
1101	3 <sup>rd</sup> digit	data	Set the digit no. of transmission with angle
	4 <sup>th</sup> digit		Set the digit no. of transmission with gradient
	1⁵t digit	0 to 4	<ul> <li>I/F unit selection of ch2 function</li> <li>0: Operation as printer port</li> <li>1: Connection of ID controller of standard specification</li> <li>2: Output of T spec. torque and judgement</li> <li>3: Output of T spec. judgement</li> <li>4: Connection with J spec. ID controller Quality control PC This port is possible with operation if the number is order than zero.</li> </ul>
NO2	2 <sup>nd</sup> digit	0/1	Set Yes or No with transmission of date and time0: not to be transmitted1: to be transmitted
	3 <sup>rd</sup> digit	0/1	Set Yes or No with transmission of program no. 0: not to be transmitted 1: to be transmitted
	4 <sup>th</sup> digit	0/1	Set Yes or No with transmission of unit no.0: No/select gradient1: Yes/select gradient2: No/select snag.3: Yes/select snag
No3	—	1 to 7	Set address of M-Net station Set station address of unit 1. Address after 2 is the serial number following to setting value *1.
No	Save the whole data of Fn.12 in a lump by the SAVE button		

Setting value	Torque, angle, gradient	Time	Remark
0	It doesn't transmit.		
2	*. *	*. *	2 <sup>nd</sup> digit with decimal point
3	* * . *	*. * *	3 <sup>rd</sup> digit with decimal point
4	* * * . *	*. * * *	4 <sup>th</sup> digit with decimal point
5	* * * * . *	* * . * * *	5 <sup>th</sup> digit with decimal point
6	* * * * * . *	* * * . * * *	6 <sup>th</sup> digit with decimal point
A	* *	* *	2 <sup>nd</sup> digit without decimal point
b	* * *	* * *	3 <sup>rd</sup> digit without decimal point
С	* * * *	* * * *	4 <sup>th</sup> digit without decimal point
d	* * * * *	* * * * *	5 <sup>th</sup> digit without decimal point
E	* * * * * *	* * * * * *	6 <sup>th</sup> digit without decimal point

In case of setting value not provided, the operation is same as zero.

### 8 Supplementary explanation

### 8-1 Operation auxiliary function

①Zero times check function: Zero times checked every block tightening.

Carried out in the presence or absence check by the program setting screen check Box for checking the presence or absence.

2 History data storage function

After tightening comprehensive judgment outputs, make the history data stored in each driver at the reset input as a trigger.

When the data is confirmed the data was read from GSK/GKL\_PC- automatic measurement screen. -

(The history data is read to PC by the all or Specified axis when the read switch on setting software. There is the cancel SW.)

③Waveform sampling function

It can save 2048 the 2 kinds of waveform data in the each driver. 2 kinds of waveform data are waveform data1 and waveform data2.

When the number of data is over 2048, next tightening data will be overwritten.

Waveform data1: save in 10msec Interval from the block start to block end.

Waveform data2: save in 0.5degree Interval from the real tightening snag torque to real tightening finished

It is possible at the setting software that it saves the waveform data 1 after tightening and it can get waveform data 2 by the always-on connection (online).

### 8-2 Driver function

Regeneration capability: If the drive voltage exceeds a certain value, it has a built-in regenerative circuit to be consumed by the internal resistance. (Regenerative resistor is external.)

Discharge function: The driver spontaneously discharges by the LED.

Analog monitor: Monitor signal output from the panel surface check pin (can be selected by parameter)

Standard load inertia : JL(Standard load inertia)  $\leq$  30JM(30 times of the moter inertia)

Tightening history storage: The data about 5,000 has been saved in the E2PROM of each axis. The call of history, you can use the setting software.

Alarm history function: GSK/GKL has 16 times the storage of the alarm. The call of alarm history, you can use the setting software.

## 9 Monitor output

Any internal signal of this driver is converted into an analog signal of -8V  $\sim$  + 8V, it can be monitored.

The output voltage is scaled so that the setting value of the monitor output scale become 8V.

The analog monitor signal is output to M1.M2 pin on the panel surface of the driver.

The setting about an analog monitor is indicated below.

Please input the address in d\_00XXX.

There are the pins of M1, M2 only on CH1 side in case of GSKW/GKLW.

When seeing CH2 side, please change the input ID.

address	Item name	Matter
004	Output-ID of the	It sets the ID of the data which is output to the analog monitor 1.
004	Monitor1	initial value:45(The ID of the input value from the torque sensor)
	Output seels of the	The analog monitor 1 is scaled so that the set value of this parameter
085	Monitor1	becomes 8V output.
		initial value: 2048
096	Output-ID of the	It sets the ID of the data which is output to the analog monitor 2.
080	Monitor2	initial value:41(Current speed ID)
087	Output-scale of the Monitor2	The analog monitor 1 is scaled so that the set value of this parameter
		becomes 8V output.
		initial value: 1500

The output ID set above and its contents are shown below.

IDNumber	Display contents
41 ※(10041)	It represents the current speed [rpm]. It is initialized to analog monitor 2. The initial scale is 1500 [rpm / 8 V].
42 ※(10042)	It represents the motor current value for monitoring [0.01 Arms]. Please set it in torque sensor unused mode.
45 ※(10045)	It represents the output current value of the torque sensor. It is initialized to analog monitor 1. The initial scale is 2048 [Arms / 8 V].

When using the W type controller and checking CH 2,

please set the value which added 10000 to the number of CH 1.



※ For GSK-T4-E-N2 and GSKW-T4-E-N2 there is no analog monitor pin notation. Pins for analog monitor in these controller types are within the red frame in the left figure.

These show the following from the top of the figure.

TP6: M1 pin

TP7: M2 pin

TP 8: GND

When connecting, please connect to pin and GND respectively.

## 10 Code table

# 10-1 NG Code List

Operation	Code display	Matter
Basic NG	FFF F00	Emergency stop Preparation for operation off during operation or START OFF in the running program.
	001	Zero offset error During the zero / magnification check, zero point output exceedes the set over range.
	002	Magnification error During the zero / magnification check, magnification output exceeds the set over the range.
Defens	003	Zero offset fluctuation error Difference in the previous and current output value exceeds the limit over.
starting check,	004	Magnification fluctuation error Difference in the previous and current output value exceeds the limit over.
etc.	033	1.On Nut runner Tightening sampling error 2.On Positioning mode
	034	Home to return operation at the time of incomplete. Positioning movement command of the X/Y-axis has been issued in the state of that origin return is not yet completed.
	106	Gear checkNG1 In the torque-free monitoring time, angle tightening has reached the cut angle.
SOC.T	107	Gear checkNG2 Motor current during rotation exceeds the torque upper limit equivalent. %The torque limit is a current value.
	108	Fitting angle over It does not reach the fitting torque when it exceeds the cut angle.
	133	SOC.T over time The time of this operation has exceeded the set value.
	207	Pre tightening early tightening NG It reaches the second speed switching torque between the closed fast decision angle from the start.
	211	Pre tightening torque over The torque value at the time of the end has exceeded the upper limit.
	212	Pre tightening torque under The torque value at the time of stopping does not reach the lower limit.
	221	Pre tightening time over The time exceeds the upper limit when this operation is completed.
	222	Pre tightening time under It does not reach the lower limit when this operation is completed.
	231	Pre tightening angle over The angle exceeds the upper limit when this operation is completed.
PRE.T	232	Pre tightening angle under It does not reach the lower limit when this operation is completed.
	233	Pre tightening over time The time of this operation has exceeded the set value.
	240	Pre tightening area over The size of the judgment area exceeds the set value.
	271	Pre tightening total angle exceeded The angle from the start of Pre tightening to the end of tightening exceeds the total angle upper limit. This function can be used with I/F version: 1721-2.78 or higher and controller version 1851-2.44 or higher.
	272	Pre tightening total angle under The angle from the start of Pre tightening to the end of tightening does not reach the total angle lower limit. This function can be used with I/F version: 1721-2.78 or higher and controller version 1851-2.44 or higher.

Operation	Code display	Matter
	306	Reverse tightening pass torque NG During operation, the torque did not reach the set value.
	307	Reverse tightening sticking judgment NG During operation, the torque exceeds the set value.
REV.T	311	Reverse tightening torque over The torque at the measurement angle exceeded the judgment torque.
	333	Reverse tightening over time The time of this operation has exceeded the set value.
	403	Real tightening zone NG Out of the zone determination range at torque method.
	404	Real tightening gradient NG Gradient at an angle method exceeds the set value. It has ended operation before the acquisition of basic gradient.
	407	Real tightening early tightening NG The tightening torque reached the cut torque between the start and the early tightening judgment angle.
	411	Real tightening torque over The torque value at stop has exceeded the upper limit.
	412	Real tightening torque under The torque value at stop does not reach the lower limit.
	421	Real tightening time over The time exceeds the upper limit when this operation is completed.
	422	Real tightening time under It does not reach the lower limit when this operation is completed.
	431	Real tightening angle over The angle exceeds the upper limit when this operation is completed.
	432	Real tightening angle under It does not reach the lower limit when this operation is completed.
REA.T	433	Real tightening over time The time of this operation has exceeded the set value.
	434	Real tightening over cut angle Angle from the start was over. (No torque sensor only)
	440	Real tightening_area over The size of the judgment area exceeds the set value.
	441	Real tightening snag torque over The snug torque exceeded the upper limit by the angle method.
	442	Real tightening snag torque under The snug torque does not reach the lower limit by the angle method.
	451	Real tightening torque decrease NG The tightening torque becomes lower than the setting value of the real tightening passing torque after passing the snug torque.
	471	Real tightening total angle exceeded The angle from the start of Real tightening to the end of tightening exceeds the total angle upper limit. This function can be used with I/F version: 1721-2.78 or higher and controller version 1851-2.44 or higher.
	472	Real tightening total angle under The angle from the start of Real tightening to the end of tightening does not reach the total angle lower limit. This function can be used with I/F version: 1721-2.78 or higher and controller version 1851-2.44 or higher.

# 10-2 Alarm Code List

Alarm generated in the GSK/GKL IF (EC\*)

Code display Matter	Detection factor	Cause	Counterplan
		It is Outside the range specified program No.	Confirmation of program selection signal
EC0 Program	program error / Details of	Program data GSK/GKLIF remember is illegal state. (Check SUM)	Readjustment of a program
Number en or		There are no nut runners by multi axis mode.	Confirmation of the unit setting
EC1 Operation details of the error	Deciphering impossible operation is set.	Program data GSK/GKLIF remember is illegal state. (You found an unknown command)	Readjustment of a program
		Unit misconfiguration	Confirmation of the unit setting
EC2	The specified axis has not		Confirmation of the connection between GSK/GKL interface and GSK driver
No action-axis error ※Reset is impossible.	implemented. /the axis number is manped twice	ARC-NET communication failure	Confirmation of the connection among GSK/GKL drivers
			Check whether the axis number of GSK/GKL driver saide and unit setting is matching
EC3 FRAM error ※Reset is impossible.	Anomaly detection by self-check of GSK/GKLIF farm	Ensure shortage of backup area	Review the GSK/GKLIF of firmware
		M-NET connection faulty wiring	Confirmation of the wiring
EC4 External communication	M-NET	Station address of the PLC side, the number of bytes sent and received abnormal	Confirmation of the sequence settings
error ※Reset is	has stopped.	M-NET station address misconfiguration	Confirmation of the N-NET stations
impossible.		Shield processing defects of the M-NET connection line	Confirmation of the wiring
EC5 Rate number setting error	NR/X/Y axis rate number error	NR/X/Y axis rate assignment other than 1 to 30	Confirmation of the program setting

Code display Matter	Detection factor	Cause	Counterplan
EC6 Position select error	Position select error at the time of JOG operation	Selected positions at the time of JOG operation are_other than 1 to 255.	Confirmation of the input and output signals
EC7		CAN cable connection problem	Change the cable
CAN	Communicatio n error with Z axis driver	Fogging or mismatch of Z axis driver ID	Review the driver settings
error		Z axis driver turns off	Reboot the master
EC9	It occurs when	ARC-NET communication failure	Same as EC2
Arcnet communication error	turning on the power.	Without replies from GSK/GKL driver	It's checked whether index of an axis on the driver side is parallel with index of an axis of unit setting.

Alarm generated in the GSK/GKL driver (E\*\*)

Code	Alerm names and detection contents / Cause of generation and treatment
	[IPM error] Power drive signal error (overcurrent / overheat / power supply error)
	1. Short circuit between motor windings : Replace motor
	2. Short circuit of motor connection cable : Replace cable
⊏11	3. Controller drive circuit failure : Replace controller
	4. Overheating due to overload
	5. The ambient temperature of the controller is abnormally high
	: Review the installation environment
	6. Fan does not work : Replace controller
	[Overload] The motor average current exceeded the "overload alarm detection value" (see ^ 6-1)
E01	1. Excessive load torque : Reduced load
EZI	2. Acceleration / deceleration frequency of operation is too high : Change of operation pattern
	5. Overload alarm set value is too small . 000104 parameters of "d001/11"
	Current control error The average deviation of the current control loop exceeded
	the "current control error value"
	1 Motor disconnection · Replace motor
E22	2. Broken motor connection cable : Replace cable
	3. Occurrence of abnormal vibration : Readiustment of servo gain
	4. Resolver NR is used : "d00114" parameter review
	[Overspeed] The motor speed exceeded the "overspeed alarm detection value".
	1. Excessive command speed : Review of command speed
	2. Overspeed detection set value is too small : "d00105" parameter change *
E31	* There is a difference in initial value between NR and positioning.
LJI	Representative value NR : 15000 Positioning : 7500
	Since the value varies depending on the model, please contact the manufacturer for details.
	3. Overshoot during control : Servo gain readjustment
	4. After resetting the absolute position detection senso r: Reset the alarm again.
	[Position control counter overflow] Position data exceeds ± 68000000h
E41	1. Rotated in a certain direction for a long time: Review of operation pattern
	2. Does not move due to cable disconnection or wiring mistake: Cable replacement
	[Excessive deviation] Position deviation exceeded "deviation error detection value"
	A large position command has been added in steps. Review of the position command
E42	2. Notor disconnection, Motor replacement
	4 Abnormal vibration occurs: Servo gain readjustment
	5. Setting error of angle sensor resolution: "d00141" parameter review
	[Sensor error] Encoder signal cannot be detected (disconnected)
	1. Broken motor angle sensor connection cable : Replace the cable
E61	2. Sensor setting error : Review parameters of "d00140"
	3. Abnormal sensor attached to motor : Replace motor
	[Sensor abnormality] Abnormal sensor signal from resolver backup unit
<b>F</b> 00	1. After an error occurred, the power was turned off without resetting: Reset the R / D board.
E62	2. Resolver backup unit error : R / D board replacement
	3. Motor sensor magnetic pole signal error : Replace motor
	[Sensor error] Communication error with SmartInc or SmartABS encoder / resolver
<b>F</b> 00	1. Connection cable error: Replace cable
E03	2. Resolver backup unit error: R / D_board replacement
	3. Abnormal motor angle sensor: Replace motor
	[Sensor error] SmartInc or SmartABS encoder detected an error
	1. Overflow count value overflow : Reset of multi-turn position data by alarm reset
	2. Battery voltage drop : Replace battery after error reset
E64	3. Cable breakage between resolver backup unit and resolver : cable replacement
	4 Abnormal motor angle sensor : Replace motor
	5. Interference of backup unit due to noise : Review cable connection and ground connection,
	and install leffite core on motor connection line
	0. Oncertain ongit1. Return to ongit1 [Senser abnormality] There is no HZ state when the newer serving encoder newer is ON.
E65	Lisensor aphonnality] There is no ⊓∠ state when the power saving encoder power is ON 1. Sensor setting error : Review parameters of "d001/0"
	2 Abnormal motor angle senso r. Replace motor
1	

[Abnormal sensor] Excessive amplitude of resolver signal         1. Unresolvable resolver : Please contact us         2. Sensor setting error : Review parameters of "d00114" and "d00142"         3. Resolver reception circuit error : Replace controller         4. A value exceeding the motor speed upper limit was set : Review of settings         5. Disconnection between resolver backup unit and resolver : cable replacement         E67       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality         Multi-turn overflow of resolver backup unit         E69       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality         T. Resolver backup unit error         IOvervoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage         E71       1. Drive power supply voltage drop         2. Drive voltage detection circuit malfunction: Controller replacement         E72       [Voltage drop] Drive power supply voltage drop         7       1. The drive power was turned off while the servo was on: Controller replacement         E73       1. Regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality Regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality Regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality Regenerative resistance controller.         2. Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage		
E66       2. Sensolver reception circuit error : Replace controller         4. A value exceeding the motor speed upper limit was set : Review of settings         5. Disconnection between resolver backup unit and resolver : cable replacement         E67       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality         Multi-turn overflow of resolver backup unit         E69       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality         1. Resolver backup unit error         [Overvoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage         1. Drive power supply voltage exceeded 800V: Review of drive power supply         2. Drive voltage detection circuit maffunction: Controller replacement         [Voltage drop] Drive power supply voltage drop         1. The drive power was turned off while the servo was on: Controller replacement         [Regenerative nabnormality] Voltage does not decrease due to regeneration         1. Regenerative resistance is too large         : Replace the controller because the reglenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistor         : Since the regenerative resistor annot be replaced, replace the controller.         [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24 voltage         1. Outrol 24 voltage droped: Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal control power] Decrease of control ereplacement         [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral d		[Abnormal sensor] Excessive amplitude of resolver signal 1. Unresolvable resolver : Please contact us 2. Sensor setting error : Peview parameters of "d00114" and "d00142"
4. A value exceeding the motor speed upper limit was set : Review of settings         5. Disconnection between resolver backup unit and resolver : cable replacement         E67       Sensor abnormality Sensor signal abnormality         11. Resolver backup unit error       Interview power supply voltage         E71       IOvervoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage         E72       I. Drive power supply voltage exceeded 800V: Review of drive power supply         2. Drive voltage detection circuit matfunction: Controller replacement         E72       IVoltage detection circuit matfunction: Controller replacement         E73       I. Regenerative resistance is too large         Regenerative resistance is too large       Regenerative resistance is too large         I. Regenerative resistance is too large       I. Regenerative resistance or cannot be replaced, replace the controller capacity of regenerative resistance overload         1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload       I. Dortrol 24V voltage dropped . Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage       I. Ourtrol 24V voltage cannot read/ write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error is controller replacement       ICurrent offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit : Replace the controller.       INon-volatile memory error]	E66	3. Resolver recention circuit error: Replace controller
5. Disconnection between resolver backup unit and resolver : cable replacement         E67       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality         Multi-turn overflow of resolver backup unit         E69       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality         1. Resolver backup unit error         [Overvoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage         1. Drive power supply voltage exceeded 800V: Review of drive power supply         2. Drive voltage detection circuit maffunction: Controller replacement         (Poltage drop Drive power supply voltage drop         1. The drive power susply voltage does not decrease due to regeneration         1. Regenerative resistance is too large         : Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance overload         1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         1. Control 24V voltage detection circuit : Replace otheroller.         [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller.         [Ibon and control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal voltage de		4 A value exceeding the motor speed upper limit was set . Review of settings
E67       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality Multi-tum overflow of resolver backup unit         E69       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality 1.Resolver backup unit error         E71       1. Drive power supply voltage         E72       [Overvoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage door 1. The drive power was turned off while the servo was on: Controller replacement         E73       1. Regenerative resistance is too large . Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         E74       1. Regenerative abnormality] Voltage does not decrease due to regeneration . Regenerative ensistance is too large . Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance controller . . Since the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replace the controller.         E74       1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload 1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistor . Since the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replace the controller.         E82       [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally 1. CPU peripheral circuit # replace controller         E83       1. Abnormal count peress of control 24V voltage filt the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller. [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally 1. Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be reset replace the controller. [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be reset, replace the controller. [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written 1. There is a parameter issued again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller. [Non-volatile memory error] Data		5. Disconnection between resolver backup unit and resolver : cable replacement
E01       Multi-tum overflow of resolver backup unit         E69       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality         1. Resolver backup unit error         [Overvoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage         E71       1. Drive power supply voltage exceeded 800V: Review of drive power supply         2. Drive voltage detection circuit malfunction: Controller replacement         [Regenerative power supply voltage drop         1. The drive power supply voltage does not decrease due to regeneration         E73       1. Regenerative resistance is too large         : Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance overload         1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         1. Insufficient capacity of poped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         [INon-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally         1. Non-volatile memory error]         E43         1. Non-volatile memory error]         E44         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be erset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.	F67	[Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality
E69       [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality         1. Resolver backup unit error         [Overvoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage         2       1. Drive power supply voltage exceeded 800V: Review of drive power supply         2       Drive voltage detection circuit mathunction: Controller replacement         E72       [Voltage drop] Drive power supply voltage drop         1       The drive power supply voltage does not decrease due to regeneration         1       Regenerative resistance is too large         : Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance control be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Voltage does not decrease due to regeneration         2       Since the regenerative resistor         3       Since the regenerative resistor annot be replaced, replace the controller.         2       (Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         4       1. control 24V voltage dotped : Review of external power supply unit         2       Abnormal tortead / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1       CPU peripheral circuit error: Controller replacement         1       Regenerative mainture detection circuit         1       Insufficient control reor 20 controller replacement         2       (Current offset error) The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large		Multi-turn overflow of resolver backup unit
E71       [Overvoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage         1. Drive power supply voltage exceeded 800V: Review of drive power supply         2. Drive voltage detection circuit mafunction: Controller replacement         E72       [Woltage drop] Drive power supply voltage drop         1. The drive power was turned off while the servo was on: Controller replacement         [Regenerative resistance is too large         : Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance overload         1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistor         : Since the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replace the controller.         [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         1. CPU peripheral circuit error: Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit         1 ff the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be erased normally (E92)         Data cannot be erased normally (E92)         Data cannot be e	E69	[Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality 1.Resolver backup unit error
EA1       1. Drive power supply Voltage exceeded solvo: Review of drive power supply         2. Drive voltage detection circuit maffunction: Controller replacement         [F72]       [Voltage drop] Drive power supply voltage drop         1. The drive power was turned off while the servo was on: Controller replacement         [Regenerative no abnormality] Voltage does not decrease due to regeneration         1. Reglace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance overload         1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         1. Since the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replace the controller.         [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         E81       1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         E82       [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         (Non-volatile memory more proof] Data cannot be read normally         1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed         : Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement         (Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be erased normally (E92)         Data cannot be erased normally (E93)         Write che	<b>F7</b> 4	[Overvoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage
E72       [Voltage drop Drive power supply voltage drop         1. The drive power was turned off while the servo was on: Controller replacement         [Regeneration abnormality] Voltage does not decrease due to regeneration         1. Regenerative resistance is too large         : Reglace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance overload         1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         1. Source abnormality] Decrease of control 24V voltage         [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller         [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error: Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit         : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be writen normally (E92)         Data cannot be erased normally (The data to be written </td <td>E/1</td> <td>1. Drive power supply voltage exceeded 800V: Review of drive power supply     2. Drive voltage detection circuit malfunction: Controller replacement</td>	E/1	1. Drive power supply voltage exceeded 800V: Review of drive power supply     2. Drive voltage detection circuit malfunction: Controller replacement
E72       From going bing point points points and point of while the servo was on: Controller replacement         E73       1. Regenerative news turned off while the servo was on: Controller replacement         E73       1. Regenerative resistance is too large : Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         E74       1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload       1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         E81       1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit       2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller         E82       [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally       1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large       1. Abnormal current detection circuit         1. If a alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.       [Non-volatile memory error]         [Bus failure]       1. Non-volatile memory error]       Data cannot be erset anom the ersed normally         [Supplicition and resetting or controller replacement       [Non-volatile memory error]         [Non-volatile memory error]       Data cannot be ersed normally (E92)         Data cannot be written normally (E92)       Data cannot be written normally (E93)         Write		Voltage dron Drive nower supply voltage dron
[Regeneration abnormality] Voltage does not decrease due to regeneration         1. Regenerative resistance is too large         . Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance overload         E74       1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         I. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistor         I. Since the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replace the controller.         [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         E81       1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller         [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed         : Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement         [Non-volatile memory mally (E92)         Data cannot be written normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written no	E72	1. The drive power was turned off while the servo was on: Controller replacement
E73       1. Regenerative resistance is too large : Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced. [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance overload         E74       1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         E74       1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistance overload         E81       [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         E81       1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit 2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller         E82       [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally 1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         E83       1. Abnormal current detection circuit 1 if the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally 1. Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally 1. Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally 1. Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be written normally (E92) Data cannot be written normally (E92) Data cannot be erased normally (E93) Write check failure (E94) 1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory : If the parameters is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         E93       E94       [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written 1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range : Review of the parameters [RAC-Net initialization failure]		[Regeneration abnormality] Voltage does not decrease due to regeneration
: Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.         [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistor         : Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistor         : Since the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replace the controller.         [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller         [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error: Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit         : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally         1. Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be written normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range <td< td=""><td>E73</td><td>1. Regenerative resistance is too large</td></td<>	E73	1. Regenerative resistance is too large
E74       1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistor         Since the regenerative resistor       Since the regenerative resistor         E81       1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller         E82       [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally         1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed         : Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be written normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         E95         1. Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameter setting value exceeds the allowable ran		: Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced.
E/4       1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistor         : Since the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replace the controller.         [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         E81       1. Control 24V voltage detection circuit : Replace controller         [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit         : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally         1. Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be written normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be erased normality of the data to be written         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be erased normality of the data to be written         1. There is		[Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance overload
END of the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replaced in e controlier.         [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage         1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller         [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit         : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally         1. Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be erased normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [P95         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Revie	E/4	1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistor
E81       1. Control 24V voltage dropped : Review of external power supply unit         2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller         E82       [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit         : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally         E91       1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed         : Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be written normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         if the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         if the parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameter se		Since the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replace the controller.
Event       1. Solution 2014 totage detection circuit: Replace controller         E82       [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally         1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement       [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit       : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally       1. Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally         1. Non-volatile memory error]       Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be written normally (E93)       Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory       : Abnorwality exceeds the allowable range         E92       [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written         E94       1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         if the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]       Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range       : Review of the parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range       : Review of the parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         EA0       [ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement       : Abnormal para	F81	[Abrioffial control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage
E82       [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally 1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large 1. Abnormal current detection circuit : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally 1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed : Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be written normally (E92) Data cannot be erased normally (E93) Write check failure (E94) 1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be erased again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot per error] Abnormality of the data to be written 1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range : Review of the parameters EA0         [Nutrunner operation parameter error] 1. Abnormal parameter sett from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1 EA2 EA3       [ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement 4. Communication error] 1. Acc-Net IC error : Controller replacement EA4 EA5	LOT	2 Abnormal voltage detection circuit : Replace controller
E82       1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement         [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit         : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be erased normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]         Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameters         [Non-volatile memory error]         1. Abnormal parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameters         [Non-wolatile parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameter setting value setting values         EA0         [Nurunner operation parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter setting val		[Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally
E83       [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large         1. Abnormal current detection circuit       : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally       i. Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally         E91       1. Non-volatile memory error]       Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be written normally (E93)       Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory       : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]       Data cannot be erased normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)       .         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory       : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error]       Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range       : Review of the parameters         EA0       [Nurunner operation parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1       [ARC-Net initialization failure]         EA3       [ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4       [ARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication	E82	1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement
E83       1. Abnormal current detection circuit         : If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally         1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed         : Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be erased normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameters         EA0         [Nutrunner operation parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter sett from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1         EA2         EA3         [ARC-Net initialization failure]         1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4         EA4         EA4         EA4         EA4         EA4         EA4         EA4         EA4		[Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large
EA4       [ARC-Net initialization failure]         EA4       [ARC-Net communication error]         EA4       [ARC-Net communication error]         EA4       [ARC-Net communication error]	E83	1. Abnormal current detection circuit
E91[Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed : Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacementE92 E93 E94[Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be written normally (E92) Data cannot be erased normally (E93) Write check failure (E94) 1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.E95[Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written 1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range : Review of the parametersEA0[Nutrunner operation parameter error] 1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting valuesEA1 EA3[ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacementEA4 EA5[ARC-Net communication error] 1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc. : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		: If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller.
E91       1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed : Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement         E92       [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be erased normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         E93         E94         INon-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range : Review of the parameters         EA0         EA0         EA1         EA2         EA3         EA4         EA4         EA5         IARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc. : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		[Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally
EParameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement         [Non-volatile memory error]         Data cannot be written normally (E92)         Data cannot be erased normally (E93)         Write check failure (E94)         1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameters         EA0         [Nutrunner operation parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1         EA2         EA3         [ARC-Net initialization failure]         1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4         EA5         [ARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.         : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection	E91	1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed
E92 E93 E94Data cannot be written normally (E92) Data cannot be erased normally (E93) Write check failure (E94) 1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.E94[Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written 1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range : Review of the parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range : Review of the parametersEA0[Nutrunner operation parameter error] 1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting valuesEA1 EA3[ARC-Net initialization failure] 1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacementEA4 EA5[ARC-Net communication error] 1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc. : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		: Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement
E92 E93 E94Data cannot be erased normally (E92) Data cannot be erased normally (E93) Write check failure (E94) 1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.E94[Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written 1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range : Review of the parametersE40[Nutrunner operation parameter error] 1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting valuesEA1 EA3[ARC-Net initialization failure] 1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacementEA4 EA5[ARC-Net communication error] 1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc. : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		[Non-volatile memory error]
E93       Data cannot be erased normally (Eso)         Write check failure (E94)       1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameters         [Nutrunner operation parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1         EA2         [ARC-Net initialization failure]         1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA3         [ARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.         : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection	E92	Data cannot be erased normally (E92)
E94       1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory         : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.         [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written         1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameters         EA0         [Nutrunner operation parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1         EA2         EA3         [ARC-Net initialization failure]         1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4         EA5         [ARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.         : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection	E93	Write check failure (E94)
EA4       [ARC-Net initialization failure]         1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4         EA4         EA5	E94	1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory
E95       [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written         E95       1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range         : Review of the parameters       [Nutrunner operation parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1       [ARC-Net initialization failure]         1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4       [ARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.         : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		: If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller.
E95       1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range : Review of the parameters         EA0       [Nutrunner operation parameter error] 1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1       [ARC-Net initialization failure] 1. ARC-Net initialization failure] 1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4       [ARC-Net communication error] 1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc. : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		[Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written
: Review of the parameters         EA0       [Nutrunner operation parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1         EA2         EA3         [ARC-Net initialization failure]         1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4         EA4         EA5         [ARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.         : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection	E95	1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range
EA0       [Nutrunner operation parameter error]         1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1         EA2         EA3         [ARC-Net initialization failure]         1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4         EA5         [ARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.         : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		: Review of the parameters
Extraction       1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values         EA1       [ARC-Net initialization failure]         EA2       1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA3       [ARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.       : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection	FA0	[Nutrunner operation parameter error]
EA1 EA2 EA3       [ARC-Net initialization failure] 1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4 EA5       [ARC-Net communication error] 1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc. : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values
EA2       [ARC-Net initialization failure]         EA2       1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA3       [ARC-Net communication error]         EA4       1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.         : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection	EA1	
EA3       1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement         EA4       [ARC-Net communication error]         1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.       : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection	EA2	[ARC-Net initialization failure]
EA4 EA5 EA5 EA5 EA5 EA5 EA7 EA7 EA7 EA7 EA7 EA7 EA7 EA7 EA7 EA7	EA3	1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement
EA4 EA5 1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc. : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		[ARC-Net communication error]
: Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection		1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc.
	EAG	: Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection

### 11 Indication on the display

(AXIS Array)

[Axis arrangement]

## [Tightening result data]

<b>I</b> TIG	HTENING	DATA	0	<b>I</b>	Prev <mark>P</mark>	leturn
	Torque	Time 7	Angle	Snag	Jud	ge
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	
No. <u>12</u> ;	1234.51	2345 1	23.4	1234.5	MSG	

Data of a tightening result is indicated.

A message of a tightening result is shown to MSG part.

[tightening torque curve]



A tightening corrugation can be seen "transverse: Time - vertical axis: torque", "transverse: Time - vertical axis: speed" and "transverse: The angle - vertical line: The torque", "transverse: The angle - vertical axis: speed".

## [Setting menu]

【 Setti	ngs ]		
	· Common Se	ttings –	
	Positioning	Settings	
	Natranner	Settings -	
	Program S	etting	
	Display Lan.	Selection	
			Return

It's possible to confirm the parameter of setting variously.

Setting parametor change is possible by input PIN code.

## [Selevt language]

[.Disp	lay. Tan	guage	selea	ction	scr	reen	]
Please	e selec	t the	displ	lay ila	angu	lage	
			I.				
			·				
			' —·				
			' !_ <u>.</u>				_
- Ja	apanese			- Ena	lis	h 🕤	
			I.		•		_
			·			Retu	rn

It's possible to change the language shown to a display.

The language which can be indicated is two, Japanese and English.

[SD card setting read/write]

ז	S	DCa	١ŗd	ŗe	eĺa	iti	oņst	(qi						
ŀ		•	•	•	•	Re	aid	\$et't	ing	g i i	•			
ŀ			•	(\$	D·C	ard	$\Rightarrow$	Cont	tro	l I e	er)			
ŀ														
		•				₩r	ite	sett	i n	g ·	-			
$\vdash$				40	on	t ro	it te	{_⇒	<u>اھ۔</u>	الفنا	r d.)			<b>-</b>
ŀ							•	: .						
-			P	roh	іБі	t t	he a	acces		o S	DCa	rd.		
ŀ		(N	eed	to	) t	ake	the	SDCa	urd	at	ru	nn i	ng)	
ŀ														_
	]							-   · -				Re	tui	rn

The reading of the setting and writing in can do by a SD card.

Input of PIN is needed in case of writing in.

## [common setting]

[Common	Set.]	Versio Drv ver IF ver.	h info j.	rmati	on FFFC - FFFC -	FFFF FFFF
			· ·			
	1	Init Se	tting			
	ID-Co	ntrolle	Sett	ings	— 	
			l 			
	0p	tion Se	tting	s -		
					Re	turn

There is [unit setting] [tightening data output] [option setting] in common setting.

## [output of tightening data]

【 Tightening data output -1 】											
Each axis judge send or not select 🕓 Not send 🕚											
BoitNo. send or not select Not send											
EnginNo.number_of_digit_setting_											
Output timing setting											
MSC .											
Write Read Return											

The tightening data output output from a controller is established.

## [position setting]

[ Posi	tioning Setti	ngs]		
	X axis rate	settings		
	'Y àxi's ratie :	settings		
	XY Poi	nt — —		
	Intrf région	setting		
	Supervisory	Timer 1	Retu	rn

When using positioning control, X and a Y axis are established.

## [unit setting]

(	.Un.i	t .Se	ttin	g. ]	·   . ! 				Retu	<mark>r n</mark>
	Axi no.	Unit no.	Туре	Ax no.:	Un i't nol.	Туре	Ax no.:	Unit no.	Туре	
	1	1	MSG	11	1	MSG	21	1	MSG	
	2	1	MSG	12	1	MSG	22	1	MSG	
	3	1	MSG	13	1	MSG	23	1	MSG	•
-	4 -	- <u>1</u> -	MSG	14	· - 1	MSG	-24		MSG	·
	5.	1	MSG	15	1	MSG	25	1	MSG	-
	. 6 .	1	MSG	.16	. 1	MSG	26	1	MSG	-
	7	1	MSG	17	1	MSG	27	1	MSG	
	8	1	MSG	18	1	MSG	28	1	MSG	
	9	1	MSG	19	1	MSG	29	1	MSG	
	101	1	MSG	20	1	MSG	30	1	MSG	

It's indicating which unit an axis is.

## [option setting]

Ý	YZM	MZ.	DD	hh:	mm	i s		T !							ļ
															000
	M⊤ni	et	star	tjac	Idre	eess	set	; t ir	ng						
	PĊ	con	muni	cat i	on	spe	ed s	set ·	tin: 		8G				
	M∽n	et	I/0	moni	to	r ur	nit s	ı selı	ect	1					
								ļ							
						WR	ITE	l		RE	AD	R	eti	urn	

The setting contents by the option item are being indicated.

## [X axis rate]

【Xaxis rate】 No. [2] 🔼 +1	
Acceleration         32767         X10rpm/sec max         12345 max           Deacceleration         -32767         X10rpm/sec max         -12345           Speed         12345         max         12345           Point ± Range         100mm max         12345           LowerRangeOut()         3276.7mm max         1234.5           UpperRangeOut()         3276.7mm max         1234.5           LowerRangeOut()         3276.7mm max         1234.5           UpperRangeOut()         3276.7mm max         1234.5           UpperRangeOut()         3276.7mm max         1234.5	X10 rpm/sec X10 rpm/sec mm/sec mm mm mm mm
MovePeRotation 32.767mm//ev.max 12.845 MotorType WSG Direction CW	. mm
WRITE   READ	Return

Each parameter details of rated value setting of an

X axis motor are indicated.

[XY point teaching]

[XYPoint]	X,	/Y No. 🧵	2	<b>↓</b> +1 ▼-1
-1234.5		Xvalue	.Yvalue	Teaching
Y-NowValue	MSG	-1234.5	-1234.5	Read
-1234.5	MSG	-1234.5	-1234.5	
	MSG	-1234.5	-1234.5	Write
🕗 -	MSG	-1234.5	-1234.5	va.Clear -
	MSG	-1234.5	-1234.5	SelClear
. 💙	MSG	-1234.5	-1234.5	AllClear
	MSG	-1234.5	-1234.5	HIGIOWI
	MSG	-1234.5	-1234.5	
	XY Statu	s   Coor shi	rdinate ft adj	Return

Details of each parameter in the set coordinate location are indicated by each axis of XY.

[Buffering territory setting]

-			
Inteference	e region s	etting -	1
X/Y No.1	IntrfDi	st⊕(1X+3X)	1234.5 mm
(+) X SoftLmt(mm)	) (-) intriDia	st@(1Y+2Y)	1234.5 mm
C1284.0 C128	IntrfDi	st③(2X+4X)	1234.5 mm
(+) Y SoftLmt(mm)	) (-) ThtrfDia	st@(3Y+4Y)	1234.5 mm
-1234.5 -123	4.5; IntrfDi	st©(2X+3X)	1234.5 mm
₩/Υ-No.2··	, , IntrfDis	st©(2Y+3Y)	1234.5 mm
	기 다. [기금] IntrfDia	st⊘(1X+4X)	1234.5 mm
C1404.9; [C140	IntriDi:	st①(1Y+4Y)	1234.5 mm
(+) Y SoftLmt(mm)	) (-)		
-1234.5 -123	4,5) AdjIntri	fDistSttng .	Valid
- · · · 😒	WRITE	READ	Return

Each parameter details in a set interaction region are indicated by each XY axis.

## [Monitor timer]



The restriction time details established as the intervention waiting time with the other units are indicated.

## [Nutrunnner setting]

[ SETTING MÉNU ]	
RATE SET	REV.T SET
SOC. ADJ SET	FIN.T SET
PRE.T SET 1	Data collection settings
	Return

There is [rated setting] [socket adjustment] [reverse] [pre-tightening] [real-tightening] [data collection] as nut runner setting.

### [Rated setting]



Each parameter of rated setting of used nut runner is indicated.
# [Socket adjustment]



# [Pre-tightening]

【 PRE.T-1 】 No.12	2+1	<b>▼</b> -1
<screw adjustment=""></screw>		
Rotation angle	12345	
Speed	12345 rr	m <sub>.</sub>
<east_forward></east_forward>		
Fast forward angle	12345	
Speed	12345 re	vm
Prem.T judge torque .	1234.5 N	m
· · · <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>		
WRITE	READ	Return

[PRE.T-2] No. 12	<b>▲</b> +1.	. ▼-1
Pretightening torque	1234.5 N.m	
Upper torque limit ¦	1234.5 N.m	
Lower torque limit	1234.5 N.m	
Speed1 end torque j	1234.5 N.m	
Speed1 ' -		
Speed2	12345 rpm	
Over time	. <u>12345</u> sec	
Meas start torque	1234.5 N.m	
Judge area value. I	. <u>12345</u> ×10	
WRITE!	READ	Return

A parameter of pre-tightening set value is indicated. It's possible to do smaller control and judgment by option setting.

## [Reverse]



A parameter of reverse set value is indicated.

Each parameter of socket adjustment is indicated.

[Real-tightening -torque control mode]

[FIN.T-1] No. 12+11	[FIN.T-2] No. 😰 🔺 🗸 🗸 🖊
T.mode Fin.T torque []234.5; N.m	/ I.mode / ┌────────────────────────────────────
TrqMode Meas start torque 1234.5 N.m	Time before Fin.T
Speed1	Upper time   mit
	Lower time limit
Speed2	Upper angle   imit
Over time	Lower angle limit
Upper torque limit (1234.5) N.m .	
Lower torgue limit 1234.5. N.m .	Trg-non-monitime <u>12345</u> msec
	Judge area value 12 <u>345</u> x10
WRITE READ Return	🕗 🌍 🛛 WRITE 🔤 READ 👘 Return

A parameter of real-tighteningl set value by the torque control mode is indicated. It's possible to do smaller control and judgment by option setting.

FIN.T-1 12 Nø. ▲+1 V-1 T.mode Snag Torque N.m AngleMode Stop Torque N.m Tightening angle Over Time sec Upper torque limit N.m Lower torque limit N.m Upper snag torque limit N.m Lower snag torque limit 12 N.m WRITE READ Return

[Real-tightening –angle control mode]

【FIN.T-2】 No. 🔢 🔼	+1,	7-1
. T.mode . Upper angle limit .	1234.5	.* .
. AngleMode . Lower angle limit .	1234.5	· ·
· · · · · Speed1 · · · ·	12345	rpm
Speed1 end angle	12345	<b>.</b> .
Speed2 +	12345	-rpm
Fin.T passing torque	1234.5	.N <b>.</b> m
<pre><option> Time before Fin.T</option></pre>	12345	msec
Upper time imit	12345	msec
Lower time limit	12345	msec
🕗 🤝 WRITE REA	D i Re	turn

A parameter of real-tighteningl set value by the angle control mode is indicated. It's possible to do smaller control and judgment by option setting.

## [Data collection setting]



When USB is inserted in a display when "use" is chosen from a data collection setting, a tightening result is preserved by a USB memory by a CSV format.

# [Program setting]

<b>[</b> PR	OGRAN	ĻI	ŞΤ.	ן ן		Prg No. 12	1	V	-1
						Axis No. [2] 🔼 t	1	V	-1
· ·	🔨 s b P Unit 🖞								
· ·	9	é	I N	Ŭ	Î	l		Syr	hc
· ·		Nο	N.	Ŧ	N T	Prg Contents	Ζ.	S	Е
┝ -··-		<u>#2</u> ;				MSG	-		
- ·		:12:				MSG			
Type	No.	:12:		-	-	MSG	}		
<u>N'</u>	<u>:12:</u> 1	:12:				MSG	}		
×Υ	<u>:12: -</u>	:12:	Ż			MSG			
Y.	3121	:12:				MSG			
P at	1000	:12:				MSG			
neu	uni	:12:				MSG	1		

# 【IO monitor input】

[1/0 monit	or	input [1]			1	
PLC⇒GSK						
Ope. Ready	0	Program bit1	$\mathbf{O}$	XJOG+		$\mathbf{O}$
Auto/Each	0	Program bit2	$\mathbf{O}$	XJOG-		$\mathbf{O}$
Start	0	Program bit3	0	YJOG+		9
Inching Start	9	Program bit4	0	YJOG-		0
Judge Reset .	0	Program bit5	0	INX①		0
Al. Reset	0	Program bit6	0	INXØ		0
QL SigInput	0	Input Enable	0	INY①		0
QL_mode	0	GSK Reset	$\mathbf{O}$	INYØ		$\mathbf{O}$
Setting no		<u>2</u> +1	▼-1		Retu	rn

The program setting can be confirmed.

It's possible to do input confirmation of I/O monitor.

A screen is changed by an arrow button.

# [IO monitor output]

[[/O monitor output 1] 🛛 🛛 👝 👝					
PLC⇒GSK					
Ready Comp.	PrgBitl Comp.	Tshtnns AllOK			
System OK	PrgBit2 Çomp.	Tshtnns AllNG			
Bat. OK	PrgBit3 Çomp.	X-Axis Ready Comp.			
Total OK	PrgBit4 Comp.	X-Axis Ready Comp.			
Total NG	PrgBit5 Comp.	Zero/Mag OK			
NR Running	PrgBit6 Comp.	Zero/Mag NG			
QL-Trt Comp.	Output Emable	Cyc.Stop			
Prg Running		Out			
Setting no.∭ <mark>∧+1 ▼-1</mark> · <mark>Return</mark>					

[1/0 monit	tor output 4]	00
PLC⇒GSK		
Bolt17_OK	Bolt25 OK	💽 Bolt33 OK 💽
Bolt18_OK	Bolt26 OK	🖸 Bolt34 OK 🔹 🚺
Bolt19_OK	Bolt27 OK	🖸 Bolt35 OK 💽
Bolt20_OK	Bolt28 OK	Bolt36 OK
Bolt21_OK	Bolt29 OK	🖸 Bolt37 OK 💽
Bolt22_OK	Bolt30 Ok	🚺 Bolt38 OK
Bolt23_OK	Bolt31 OK	🖸 Bolt39 OK 💽
Bolt24 OK	Bolt32 OK	💭 Bolt40 OK 🔛
Setting no	. <u>12</u> +1	v-1 Return

It's possible to do output confirmation of I/O monitor.

A screen is changed by an arrow button.

## 12 Maintenance and check

## 12-1 PRrecautions

## 12-1-1 Precautions for maintenance and check

•Before removing the unit, make sure to cut off the power supply, and discharge the voltage by operating DISCHARGE, and detect the voltage.

Do not operate when your hands are wet, Doing so may cause electric shock.

• Do not attempt the insulation resistance test of the driver with a Megger tester. Doing so may damage the driver

Do not disassemble or repair the product at the customer end.

General operating condition:

Ambient temperature should be at the annual average 30°C and the load ratio be less than 80% and operation be less than 20 hours a day.

## 12-1-2 Check items

Daily check

- Check for unusual vibration or sound.
- Check for abnormal odor.
- Check the wire for flaw and cracks. Special care should be taken to inspect the movable cables.
- Check the driver ventiration hole for foreign matters attached.Periodical check (1 year)
- Check the screws at tightening point for loosened condition.
- · Check the tightening section for alignment failure.
- Check the cooling fan for any damage.

## 12-1-3 Operating life

Changes depending on the environmental condition and usage. It is required to replace the component if the abnormal condition is detected.

To replace the parts, please return it to the manufacturer for repair.

Products	Component	Standard replacement interval	Remarks
	Capacitor	About 5 year	
	Relay	100,000 times operation	Standard replacement interval is only
Driver	Cooling fan	10,000 to 30,000 hours	replace when the defective condition
	Battery	10,000 to 50,000 hours	is found even if it has not reached the stabdard replacement interval.
	E2PROM	10,000 times of overwriting operatio	

## 12-1-4 Capacitor

• A smoothing capacitor deteriorates its characteristic under the effect of ripple current. The operating life of capacitor varies depending on the ambient temperature and using conditions but it lates about 5 years under the general operating condition.

## <u>12-1-5 Relay</u>

- Contacts wear due to the open/close current. Relay reaches the life limit by about 100,000 times of operation

### <u>12-1-6 Cooling fan</u>

• Due to the bearing's operating life, the cooling fan has the life of 10,000 to 30,000 hours under continuous operation.

## 12-1-7 Battery

Battry life is basically about 5 years. But it varies depending on the application to use.

### 12-1-8 E2PROM

• E2PROM for parameters storing has the limit of overwriting frequency. Data holding time is about 10 years.

### 12-2 Guarantee

The overwriting frequency under the guaranteed condition is as follows as an outline. It is restricted by the shortest condition in the following terms.

Parameter overwrite (Fn01 to Fn12)	Each 10,000 times/total
Program overwrite	10,000 times/each axis
Tightening history data	Tightening of about 10,000,000 times/axis
Engine number data	About 59,520,000 units
Alarm history	Alarm 10,000 vtimes occurrence/each axis

## 12-3 Tightening operation glossary

#### UNIIT :

Multiple axes control up to 30 axes can be treated as each axis to independently operate

or as a group of several axes (a unit) to operate together. One interface unit can control the maximum 7 units. At least one controller belongs to one unit (maximum 30 axes control to one unit),

and one input command is assigned to one unit and then all belonging axes start operation simultaneously. In SIO, different station numbers assigned to each unit.

### PROGRAM:

Screw tightening program can form the program from 1 to 24 on each axis.

One program begins with the control flag(Zero magnification check is performed or not, etc.) and rating setting, and it is possible to set operation to maximum 77 steps.

However, the rating block number, screw number and end is handled as 1 step.

At least one block should have been set in the program.

#### BLOCK:

A set of operations in tightening program. Block start begins from rating step and shows the set of steps to the end declaration. In automatic operation, one-time program start executes one block. It is also possible to start from the block on the way by designating the block number. The determination (Block OK/NG) against the operated block is output on the step in the block end declaration. If "NG" is determined on either step in the block, it becomes the "block NG" (excluding the case when there is a retry); the next step will not be executed. After determination output, the program start inintiates the next block.

#### STEP:

Each operation (Rotation, pretightening, reverse rotation and final tightening), block start declaration, screw number, block end declaration, and retry are called steps respectively. Step 1 will be always the block start declaration and the step 2 will be always the screw number because more than one program is needed in a program. Program is executed from the step 1 and finished by the end declaration at the final block. On the step of the final block end declaration, the total determination (Total OK/NG) is output. Each axis in the unit operates by step synchronization and the axis in which step has been complete turns OFF the servo motor and waits for the step completion of other axes. When steps of all axes are complete, the next step will be operated.

#### QL INPUT :

In the block where the tightening operation is in progress, if the tightening operation is not within the OK range, "NG" DEdetermination is output in this block. Operator looks at this "NG" determination and needs to retighten the screw manually. At this time, it is possible to change the determination "NG" to "OK" by inputting the tightening output of the manual torque wrench to the controller. This input is called a QL input.

#### RETRY:

It is possible to retry (try again) operation if NG occurred in set on the step, if NG occurred on the way from the block start declaration till the previous step of retry, the operation following the retry will be gxecuted. If NG did not occure, the operation following the rtry will not be executed.

#### ROTATION:

Used for screw pick up (a socket picks up a screw head) operation before tightening or preventive operation against socket-engagement after tightening.

#### PRETIGHTENING:

Operation to perform temporary tightening until a screw seats.

#### **REVERSE ROTATION:**

Operation to unfasten the seated screw by several turns in order to transit to final tightening. (Baking inspection of the screw by pretightening)

#### FINAL TIGHTENING:

Final tightening operation of screws.

#### ZERO MAGNIFICATION CHECK:

Inspects the torque sensor zero point and magnification (Output voltage at 1/8 momentary maximum current). When the zero magnification check is set on the program, the zero point of the torque sensor becomes zero automatically. However, the value exceeding the one of the rating setting becomes "Zero magnification NG".

### APPLICABLE TO QC PERSONAL COMPUTERr:

Automatic gain of the tightening data and tightening waveform (Simultaneous use with a printer is not possible.) %Tightening data: "Machine No.", "Axis No.", "Screw No.", "Date", "Time", "Program No.", Pretightning torque, Pretightening angle, Reverse time, Reverse angle, Final tightening torque, Final tightening time, Final

tightening angle, Final tightening snag torque, Gradient, Rotation torque judgement, Unit No., Engine No. % Tightening waveform : Waveform from the final tightening snag torque to the finish,

### APPLICABLE TO ID CONTROLLER:

It is possible to transfer the engine number, set the calendar and transmit the result data by connecting the interface unt and ID controller via serial communication. (Exclusive use with a printer.)

### APPLICABLE TO PRINTERS:

Connects with a printer through Centronics interface. Setting data and tightening result can be printed . (Exclusive use with a QC personal computer and ID controller)

## TIGHTENING ANGLE SAMPLING OPERATION :

Operation to rotate the screw in the tightening direction at a constant speed and then stop when it reaches the preset torque, in order to measure the screw length. The angle form the start to stop is read through the personal computer vommunication. This is not the operation on the program. (Execcutable only from the personal computer and SIO)

#### END, STOP:

During tightening operation (rotanion, pretightening, reverse tightening and final tightening), the operation may be finished to stop when the condition is matched. This point that the condition matches (during the motor running) is defined as "End" and the point actually the motor stopped is defined as "Stop". Most NG determination is executed after "Stop" is established.

### 13 Supplemental explanation

### <u>13-1</u> Precautions for wiring the arc net.

Please use the following drawing for the arc net wiring.



Set  $110\Omega$  resister to (+)(-) on the arc net connector of the end unit driver .

Precautions to use M-net communication

Make sure to set the SIO start address setting "Fn12 No.13" from the controller panel when SIO is selected for the communication with PLC. (If the PLC address does not match the GSK/GKL controller SIO start address, the communication between PLC and GSS cannot be established.

Password to write the setting data to GSK/GKL PC Password when the setting is written: 2014

## 13-2 About GSK/GKL tightening setting additional items

### 13-2-1 Judgment area

You set the area value to be used for judging screw defects.

Calculation of area value is obtained by integral calculation on torque and angle curve during Pre-tightening cycle (option setting item in case of Real tightening).

With the tightening waveform of the automatic measurement item in the setting software, you can check the waveform used for this calculation.

To see this waveform, you select "Extended waveform".

### 13-2-2 Smooth tightening

This tightening controls the rotational speed steplessly.

You can set this tightening method by the option of the final tightening cycle.

By setting initial speed and the speed at the cutting torque,

the rotation speed changes steplessly according to the change of torque.

## <u>13-3 SD card</u>

In GSK/GKL, several functions can be used by inserting the SD card memory into the SD card slot at the top of the I / F.

The available functions are shown below.

① Automatic storage of tightening result

### **%Caution**

### The SD card that GSK/GKL supports is up to "SDHC".

## Please note that it does not correspond to "SDXC" type.

The LED lighting status and SD card status are shown in the table below.

	State	Explanation
LED2	Lights off	No SD card inserted
	Lit green	SD card inserted (idle)
	Blinking green	SD card inserted (accessing)
	Lit red	Access prohibited
	Blinking red	SD card access error occurred or Wait for SD card insertion / removal after conservation. (GSK/GKL-IF $\Rightarrow$ SDCard)

### 13-3-1 Automatic storage of tightening result

The tightening result when operating automatically, is received at any time from GSK/GKL – IF and the data is preserved in a "HISTORY.CSV" file.

#### •SAVE.INI file

When this automatic preservation is performed with multi-axis tightening, it may take too much time to store all the waveform data.

In that case, setting "SAVE.INI" file in the SD card makes it possible to shorten the writing time by reducing the amount of data to be written to the "HISTORY.CSV" file.



Items		Explanation	Setting contents
	Туре	It sets the saving pattern of the tightening history. Please select the setting contents from the right column.	<ul> <li>0: Don't save</li> <li>1: Save only the tightening result</li> <li>2: Save tightening result</li> <li>+ save waveform</li> <li>3: Save the tightening result</li> <li>+ save waveform when NG</li> </ul>
[HISTORY]	MaxWave	It sets the number of sampling in one waveform. It takes 0.01 seconds per sampling. Therefore, the maximum time of the waveform to be saved with this setting is determined. Waveforms exceeding this setting are not saved.	Please specify a value in the range from 1 to 2048. ※ The smaller the value, that isthe shorter the write time.
[LOG]	LogType	It sets whether to write the operation record of the program.	0:Don't write 1:Write

The following table shows the setting in this configuration file.

If the "SAVE.INI" file does not exist in the SD card, it will be saved with the following settings.

TYPE = 2

MaxWave = 2048

LogType = 0

## HISTORY.CSV file

When the SD card is inserted into the slot of the GSK/GKL-IF, the tightening result is written to the SD card. "HISTORY.CSV" is the file which the tightening result is written at this time.

The file name actually saved is "0000\_his.CSV".

<b>1</b> 2 3									0000_his (2	) - Excel						'n	インイン	<b>a</b> -	-		×
ファイル タッチ		挿入 ページ	シレイアウト	数式	データ	校問 表示	♀ 実行	したい作業をう	カしてください											<u>み</u> 共	
F 5 フォント(F): フォントサイ	: 游□シック (ズ(F): 11	N A 文字拡大	P A 文字編小	A フォント の色 *						₹ 741k	<b>上</b> 助が	すけ 切り取り _	上書き 電子メ- 保存	] -JL							
元に戻す		フォント					手がき			編集		基本									~
A1 *	: × ·	√ f <sub>x</sub>	result																		~
A		С	D	Е	F	G	н	I.	J	К	L	М	N	0	Р	Q	R	S		т	
1 result	$\mathbb{D}$																				74
2 Program	Ai	<del>kis No – Bo</del>		te	Time	Pre.T FFT	Pre.T Torq	Pre.T Area	Pre.T Ang	Pre.T Tim	Rea.T Tor	Rea.T Area	Rea.T Ang	Rea.T Tim	Rea.T Sna	<del>Rea.TIniti</del>	<del>: Rea.T En</del>	<del>d Rea.T F</del>	<del>Rati So</del>	cAdus	t.
3 1	1	1	(2)	17/6/8	14:38:5	5 0.4	36.2	2840	8.3	51	113.1	2252	27	391	54.3	0		0	0	1.	4
4 Torque(0.:D	egree(1d-8)	beed(1rpm)	4																_		-
5 1017	0	0																			-
0 1222 7 1222	0	_ 3																			-
7 1223 8 1222	0	0	7																		-
0 1222	0	0																			-
10 1223	0	0																			-
11 1222	0	0																			
12 1223	0	0																			-
13 1223	0	0																			
14 1222	0	0																			
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17 1222	0	0																			
18 1222	0	0																			
19 1222	0	0																			
20 1222	0	0																			
<	0000_his (2	2) (+)										: •								[	Þ
進備完了		-																-		+ 100	1%

Below is a description of the number in the above figure.

- ①: This is the title of the history. "Result" is fixed. The data etc. read by the support system are not shown in this notation, please use it to distinguish.
- ②: The details of the tightening result are shown. The result data is saved in the same format as "Online" of the setting software.
- ③: Sampling data which used for waveform image creation is recorded. It records torque, angle, rotation speed every 10 msec.

About 1000 items can be saved in this file ( $\times$ ).

If it is over, it names the current history file by date and time and it saves the result to a new history file. Please refer to the table below for name change.

Order	Contents	String				
1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Ponamod data	01~31				
Character	Renamed date	01~31				
3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup>	Ponamod hours	00~22				
Character	Renamed nouis	00~23				
5 <sup>th</sup> and 6 <sup>th</sup>	Ponamod minutos	00 - 50				
Character	Renamed minutes	00~39				
7 <sup>th</sup> Character	Renamed second (10 of digits)	0~5				
8 <sup>th</sup> Character	Renamed month	1~9,A(October),B(1November),C(December)				

(Example: When splitting at 23:50:35 on October 3  $\Rightarrow$  "0323503 A. CVS")

If a file with the same name already exists, it delete the existing file and it rename the current file.

## <u>13–4 Predictive maintenance function</u>

%This function can be used with I/F version 1721-2.76 or higher.

This function is available with GSK setting software version 0.0.119 or higher.

This function is available with GKL setting software version 0.0.17 or higher.

## <u>13-4-1</u> Outline of Predictive Maintenance

The predictive maintenance function is a function to urge early exchange and maintenance by notifying before the GSK/GKL Nutrunner system fails.

This function prevents occurrence of breakdown on the manufacturing line.

Controller electronic component life warning	This function warns the parts life of the GSK/GKL system (GSK/GKLIF and GSK/GKL driver). Warning will be issued when parts life comes close, such as electrolytic capacitors and relays. Warnings can not be reset without replacement work.
Nutrunner failure prediction warning	This function is a warning that occurs according to the state of the nut runner, such as overload. Warnings are cleared by turning off the power or resetting.

# 13-4-2 Flow to alarm notification

The GSK/GKL system possesses a predictive maintenance function for warning of electrical parts life warning and protection warning.

The following shows the flow until a warning is notified.

- 1. Each driver notifies the current state to the GSK/GKL I / F
- 2. When the GSK/GKL I/F judges that a warning has occurred, it turns on the warning bit of the IO output signal.
- 3. Confirm warning details by using a PC or external display (currently being created)



XAt the stage of warning comes out, the lifetime of each consumable item of GSK/GKL is not much left. We recommend exchanging it promptly.

# 13-4-3 GSK/GKL controller Electronic component lifetime warning

If even one of the following warning conditions occurs, the output signal to the PLC "warning of electrical component life warning" turns ON.

The warning level in the table is the initial value and so it is possible to change from 7 segment monitor.

If warning level is set to 0, warning judgment is not performed.

Warning content	Lifetime warning of electrolytic capacitor mounted on GSK/GKL drive
Warning level	4 years (lifespan: 5 years)
Determination method	We write the date of manufacture when manufacturing the GSK/GKL driver. The GSK/GKL I / F compares the manufacture date of each driver with the current date and It judges whether it exceeds the warning level or not. ※However, if the date of manufacture is all 0, it will not be checked.
Warning Reset	That is impossible.

## Driver's electrolytic capacitor lifetime warning

### Driver's relay lifetime warning

Warning content	Lifetime warning of the drive power-on relay mounted on the GSK/GKL drive
Warning level	80 thousand times (lifespan 100 thousand times)
	It clears the relay operation count to 0 when manufacturing the GSK/GKL driver.
Determination	The GSK/GKL controller increments this count by 1 each time the relay is moved.
method	The GSK/GKL I / F checks the number of relay operations of each driver and it judges
	whether it exceeds the warning level or not.
Warning Reset	That is impossible.

## **Driver's EEPROM lifetime warning**

Warning content	Lifetime warning of EEPROM rewriting installed in the GSK/GKL drive		
Warning level 800 thousand times (lifespan 1 million times)			
Determination method	It clears the EEPROM write count to 0 when manufacturing the GSK/GKL driver. The GSK/GKL driver increments this number by 1 each time EEPROM rewrite is performed. GSK/GKLIF checks the EEPROM write count of each driver and it judges whether it exceeds the warning level or not.		
Warning Reset	That is impossible.		

## 13-4-4 Nut runner failure prediction warning

When the following warning condition occurs, the output signal "protection warning" turns ON.

The warning level in the table is the initial value and can be changed by the personal computer.

When the warning level is 0, warning judgment is not performed.

#### Driver overload warning

	-
Warning content	The load current of the GSK/GKL driver exceeds a certain value.
Judgment target	Overload alarm level (percentage of alarm level)
Warning level	80%
Determination method	The GSK/GKL driver notifies the GSK/GKL I/F of the overload alarm level of the motor. GSK/GKL I/F checks whether the judgment value has exceeded the warning level and exceeded.
Warning Reset	Warnings can be reset by computer operation. It resets when turning off the power of GSK/GKL I/F.

## <u>13-5 Precautions for Input/Outout communication</u>

1. Program selection

Make sure to select the program No.1 to No.24 for the program bit when the program selected. When the program number is 0 or more than 25, it becomes ALC0 (Program not selected NG)

2. Input ENABLE

Please always input "Input ENABLE" after the program bit is selected.

If ENABLE is not input, the program cannot be changed or selected, After the program selection is changed, check that the output of program selection completion and the program number is security changed.

3. Determination reset

Determination reset is not accepted except the total determination output after the program is finished.

(To prevent the double tightening, it is always required to input the determination reset after the program is finished. (Total determination output))

4. Inching start

Select the program number by selecting the program bit at the inching start.
Rotating speed and direction are decided during rotation by selecting the program.
(Rotation setting number is selected by the selected program number and the speed and rotating direction by this setting controls the inching movement.)
If the program is not selected, inching start is not accepted. Please be careful of it.
Do not input the inching start during the program operation. It may cause malfunction.

5. Alarm reset

Input for the alarm reset input is enabled only when the alarm occurred.

6. IN input

Effective only when IN is set in the program setting.

If IN setting is performed in the program, make sure to enter IN because the program waits for the input of IN after the program execution until the previous step before the IN is set. Do not input the inching start and alarm reset. It may cause malfunction.

7. Auto/Each selection

Auto selection: Only the start input is accepted. Do not turn OFF the start signal input until the total

determination is output. Doing so causes "FFFF" NG. This is the interruption NG of the program while running.

Each selection: Only the inching start input is accepted. When the input signal is turned OFF after inching

started, it becomes to wait for the inching start and only operates when the inching star is turned ON.

8. GSK/GKL reset(ALL reset)

When GSK/GKL reset is input, make sure to input from the program selection because all steps return to the initial status.

9. Program bit selection

Program bit selection allows you to select the program number by combining the program bit.

10. Program setting

Rating setting and axis number setting is possible by each block and axis unit in the program.

## <u>13-6</u> Precautions to read history

Make sure to give sufficient reading time to read the history data.

(In the case of communication speed at 38400 Bps, about 1 minutes of reading time is needed per axis.)

Item	Manual input	Input from setup soft
Driver parametor internal	0	×
RATE. SET	0	0
SOC. T. SET	0	0
PRE. T. SET	0	0
REV. T. SET	0	0
REA. T. SET	0	0
AXIS ARRANGE SET	×	0
PROGRAM SET	×	0
AXIS CUT INPUT	0	0
ID OUTPUT SET	0	0
M-NETSTARTED ADDRESS	0	0

# <u>13-7 Items of setting possible and setting not possible</u>

## <u>13-8 About connection setting of ID controller</u>

## 13-8-1 Outline

Connecting the interface unit with ID controller by serial communication (RS422), transfer of engine number, setting of the calendar and transmission of result data become possible.

## <u>13-8-2</u> Secification of communication

Communication method :RS422 Communication speed:9600bps Start bit: 1 Stop bit: 1 Parity: non Transmission start character:'#'(23H) Transmission finish character:CR(0DH) Transmission character:ASCII code

## <u>13-8-3</u> Ressive format(PLC $\rightarrow$ Interface unit)

Ressive of engine number.#[Engine number]CREngine number should be maximum 7 figures by decimal numeral.Data transmit demand or Specify of unit to send the data.#U[n]CRUnit No. specified (n=1 to 6)Setting of callendar#C[Callendar]CRCallendar setting (year, month, date, hour, minute each 2 figures)

## <u>13-8-4</u> Transmission format (Interface unit $\rightarrow$ PLC)

(1) Standard specification setting ( $1^{st}$  figure = 1 of fn12 no.2)

#[Date and time][Judge][Axis No.][Program No.][Unit No.][Torque][Time][Angle ][Gradient][Engine No.]
CR

[Date and time]=01/12/29△15:59	(14letters) $\triangle$ means blank(20H)
[Each axis judgement]=0000(OK) or NG co	ode (4letters)
[Axis no.]=01 to 30	(2 letters)
[Program no.]=01 to 24	(2 letters)
[Unit no.]=1 to 6	(1 letter)
[Torque]=123.4	(Number of letters is according to the parametter)
[Time]=12.34	(Number of letters is according to the parametter)
[Gradient]=99.9	(Number of letters is according to the parametter)
[Engine no.]=1234567	(Number of letters is according to the parametter)

(2) Typecification with Torque  $(1^{st} \text{ figure} = 1 \text{ of } fn12 \text{ no.2})$ #[1<sup>st</sup> axis torque][1<sup>st</sup> axis judgement][2<sup>nd</sup> axis torqur][2<sup>nd</sup> axis judgement]...[n axis torque] [n axis judgement]CR [Each axis torque] = 123.4 (Number of letters is according to the parameter) [Each axis judgement] = 2(1=NG 2=OK) (3) T specification without torque ( $fn1^{st}$  figure = 3 of fn12 no.2)  $\#[1^{st} \text{ axis torque}][1^{st} \text{ axis judgement}][2^{nd} \text{ axis torqur}][2^{nd} \text{ axis judgement}]\cdots[n \text{ axis torque}]$ [n axis judgement]CR [Each axis torque] =  $\triangle \triangle \triangle$ (Number of letters is according to the parametter)  $\triangle$  means blank (20H) [Each axis judgement] = 2 (1=NG 2=OK) Part of torque data always outputs zero. (4) J specifications ( $fn1^{st}$  figure = 4 of fn12 no.2) #[Date and time][Program no.][Unit no.][Engine no.] [Axis no.(01)][1<sup>st</sup> axis torque][1<sup>st</sup> axis time][1<sup>st</sup> axis angle][1<sup>st</sup> angle gradient][1<sup>st</sup> axis judgement] [Axis no.(02)][2<sup>nd</sup> axis torque][2<sup>nd</sup> axis time] · · · [n axix gradient][n axis judgement]CR [Date and time] =  $01/12/29 \triangle 15:59$  (14 letters)  $\triangle$  means blank (20H)

[Program no.]=01 to 24	(2 letters)
[Unit no.]=1 to 6	(1 letter)
[Engine no.]=1234567	(Number of letters is according to the parametter)
[Axis no.]=01 to 30	(2 letters)
[Torque] = 123.4	(Number of letters is according to the parametter)
[Time]=12.34	(Number of letters is according to the parametter)
[Gradient]=99.9	(Number of letters is according to the parametter)
[Each axis judgement]=0000(OK) or NG co	de (4letters)

## 13-8-5 Select with condition of starting transmission

It is possible to set timing of the transmission from the interface unit by the parameter.

Timing is able to be selected from one of followins;

· Data transmission at the time of the block judgement output

• Data transmission at the time of starting next block and judgement reset input.

Data transmission according to the request of data transmission from the upper

## <u>13-8-6</u> Selecting transmission data

It is possible to set each data to be transmitted or not to be transmitted, specifying figure number, with or without decimal point to the parameter if necessary. If there are some items which are not transmitted, the following items are transmitted shortening the items not to be transmitted.

Transmission of torque, time, angle data based on the kinds of operation

Transmission of torque data,time data and angle data, data of only one kind of operation is transmitted even if many kinds of operation such as pretightening, real tightening, etc. are carried out within the same block. Selection with kinds of operation is effected automatically basing on the following order of priority. When the operation with higher priority is not carried out, it select the operation of following order of priority. In case of carrying out same kind of operation more than two times within the same block, the last operation is selected.

Order of priority (high) 1:Real tightening

2:Reverse tightening 3:Pretightening (low) 4:Socket fitting

## 13-9 About installation

## 13-9-1 About installation

GSK-14., GSKW-14, GSK-T4., GSKW-T4, GKL-14, GKLW-14, GKL-T4, and GKLW-T4 have no difference between the standard and T specifications.

Unlike other controllers, no additional installation procedures are required.

When installing all GSK and GKL units, please make sure that the temperature inside the panel where the GSK and GKL units (I/F, controller) will be installed is cooler than 50°C (122°F).

When installing all GSK/GKL units (I/F, controller), please install a cooler or fan so that the temperature inside the panel where the unit will be installed will be kept below 50°C.

## 13-9-2 standard specification

The standard controllers GSK-15, GSK-17, GSKW-15, GKL-15, GKL-17, and GKLW-15 have fins or fans on the sides for heat exhaust,

The GSK-15, GSK-17, GSKW-15, GKL-15, GKL-17, and GKLW-15 controllers have fins or fans on their sides to exhaust heat.

To exhaust heat from these fins or fans, please install the controllers at least 10mm apart from each other.

## 13-9-3 T specification

The GSK-T5, GSK-T7, GSKW-T5, GKL-T5, GKL-T7, and GKLW-T5 of the T-specification controllers have fins at the rear for heat exhaust.

The fins are attached to the rear of the unit for heat dissipation.

A fan must be installed to dissipate the heat from these fins.

Please confirm the following information before installation.

Air volume of heat dissipation fan

Install a fan with an airflow rate of at least 0.6 m<sup>3</sup>/min per controller.

When installing one fan for two controllers, install a fan with at least twice the airflow.

Also, we do not recommend installing one fan for three controllers, because the airflow will be dispersed.

Fans should be installed within 150 mm of the bottom of the controller and should blow from the bottom to the top.

If the fan is more than 150 mm away from the controller, increase the airflow or take other measures to prevent the air from escaping.

# Update log

Version	Date	Update contents
001	May .2016	_
002	Jun .2017	Added correspondence table of nut runner and controller Etc.
003	Nov.2017	Added the commentary about Additional functions Added setting procedure Etc.
004	Mar.2020	Alarm list modified Contact email address has been updated.
005	Aug.2020	Added description of GKL type
006	Nov.2024	GKL specifications added Overall Review
007	Jan.2025	Positioning motor controller model added



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